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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

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Japan's Bid For Hegemony In Far East

Achievements Of Non-Violence

Its Limitations In Practical Politics

Mahatma Gandhi

Maulana Azad

AZAD'S TRIBUTE TO GANDHIJI

PIONEER OF SWARAJ MOVEMENT: NATION PAYS HOMAGE TO LOK TILAK'S MEMORY

THE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE FELT ITSELF UNABLE TO GO THE FULL LENGTH WITH MAHATMA GANDHI IN REGARD TO NON-VIOLENCE WERE REFERRED TO BY MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD, CONGRESS PRESIDENT, IN THE COURSE OF A STIRRING SPEECH AT A MAMMOTH MEETING HELD AT THE AZAD MAIDAN ON THURSDAY EVENING, IN CONNECTION WITH THE OBSERVANCE OF THE "TILAK DAY".

"In view of the world situation" said the Congress President "Gandhiji wanted us to take a step further. He wanted us to declare that even when we achieved independence and formed a State in this country we would have no army nor would we have the use of force for the maintenance of that State.

LOGICAL COROLLARY

"There was no doubt that this should be the logical corollary to the principle of non-violence but it would have been sheer boldness on our part to declare that we were prepared to shoulder the responsibility of such a declaration. Gandhiji is the last person to require us to follow him blindly. He never wanted mere lip sympathy or mere tribute to a principle. His way is to live up to what he says. He wants his followers to do the same and he wanted us to tell him what he really felt in the matter".

Continuing, the Congress President said:—"I have no hesitation in admitting that we could not feel ourselves strong enough to undertake such a responsibility and feeling that, if we had undertaken that responsibility, not meaning to fulfil it, it would have been the greatest sin we could ever have committed. In fact, it would have been deceiving a man who has a mission of peace, love and goodwill for the whole world.

WELCOME TO AZAD

Secenes reminiscent of that day twenty years ago when a vast concourse of people followed the funeral procession of Lokmanya Tilak in torrential rain were witnessed at the meeting.

Welcoming the Congress President on behalf of the citizens, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai said that the Maulana Saheb was paying his first visit to Bombay after he came to be at the helm of affairs of the Congress six months back. The magnitude and spontaniety of the reception which the city had accorded to Maulana Abul Kalam was a proof of the esteem in which the people of Bombay had held him all these years. The Congress President must have been quite convinced of the determination of Bombay's citizens to stand by the Congress and of their preparedness to take any step which was decided upon in the interests of the country.

Significance Of August 1

Maulana Azad, in the course of his speech said that in one's life and work, one had usually to look forward. If people wanted to live and go ahead, it was but natural that they should always look steadily at the future. But there were moments in the life of a community when one had to look back. The first of August was such a day when they should look backward to the life and work of Lokamanya Tilak and the stream of life that had flowed ever since and derive inspiration therefrom for our future guidance.

Twenty years had gone by since the great Lokmanya passed away. His life had brought a new hope into the world. His work and his sacrifices had given him a high place in the political life of the country. In the delicate situation that the country was faced with they should look back to his life and learn a great lesson from it.

DEFINITE STEP FORWARD

Continuing the Maulana Saheb said that the world was passing through revolutionary times, when minute to minute changes were taking place. India too was being swept along in that revolu-

(Continued on page 7, col. 5)

SOVIET FRONTIERS ADVANCED

Molotov On Relations With Rumania And Baltic Countries

MOSCOW, August 1.

Speaking at the opening of the seventh session of Soviet Parliament this afternoon, M. Molotov referring to the cession of territory by Rumania said "the frontiers of the Soviet have thus been advanced westward to the Danube, which after the Volga is the biggest European river and one of the most important routes for commercial exchanges between a number of European nations".

He added, in general, Russo-Rumanian relations should from now on, take a perfectly normal course.

Referring to the relations between the Soviet and Baltic countries, he said that it was found that the mutual assistance pacts concluded with Luthuania, Latvia and Estonia did not lead, as was expected, to rapprochement between these countries and the Soviet. On the contrary the 'bourgeois' group, who were governing these countries, increased their hostile activities against the Soviet and grossly violated the pacts of mutual assistance. It became absolutely impossible to tolerate any longer such a state of affairs, especially in the conditions created by the present international situation.

M. Molotov referred to the creation of Pro-Soviet Governments in Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia and said that diets of the three countries "elected by universal, direct, equal and secret vote have already pronounced themselves unanimously for the establishment of Soviet regime and their incorporation into the Soviet. The Supreme Soviet would examine the question of their inclusion into the Soviet Union as Soviet republics. Their incorporation along with Bessarabia and Northern Bukovina meant that the population of the Soviet had increased by approximately ten millions.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FRANCE'S NEW FOREIGN POLICY

VICHY, August 1.

Important new changes in France's diplomatic representation in Europe and overseas are officially announced, according to the Havas Agency.

The appointment of M. Henri Haye, Mayor of Versailles, as Ambassador at Washington is confirmed and the Ambassador at Ankara M. Massigli has been placed on the unattached list. Changes are also made at Bucharest, Belgrade, Budapest, Montevideo and Stockholm.—Reuter.

REUTER'S REPLY TO NAZI BROADCAST

LONDON, August 1.

For a long time past, the German and Italian wireless services have repeatedly made attacks upon Reuters, which Reuters have ignored feeling confident that these attacks would answer themselves by their sheer inherent absurdity and extravagance.

But lest silence might possibly be misunderstood, Reuters desire to give a flat denial to the following specific statement broadcast from Germany in connection with the tragic death of Reuter's correspondent in Tokyo that "the connection between the British Intelligence Service and Reuters has become very close not only in Japan but in other countries".

Reuters also flatly deny the further statement that "Agents of the British Secret Service today hold important positions in practically every Reuter office".

No Demonstration Of Loyalty To House Of Orange

NETHERLANDS REICH COMMISSAR THREATENS SEVERE PENALTIES

LONDON, August 1.

According to Dutch authoritative quarters in London, Doctor Seyssinquart, the Reich Commissar for Netherlands, in a Proclamation to-day threatened severe penalties against any demonstration of loyalty to the House of Orange in view of the approaching Royal Birthday (Queen Wilhelmina will be 60 on August 31 and Princess Irene will celebrate her first birthday on Monday).

The Proclamation states all such demonstrations will be considered as directed against the occupying forces and punished accordingly.

Decoration of buildings, showing flags, wearing badges, flowers or ribbons and "all actions which tend to express loyalty to the House of Orange" are forbidden. Flowersellers are warned that possession of orange-coloured flowers, marigolds, forget-me-nots and white carnations (Prince Bernhard's favourite flower widely worn on his birthday on June 29) may be considered as provocative demonstrations against the new order and punished according to German Criminal Law.—Reuter.

King Inspects Indian Troops

LONDON, August 1.

During a day's tour of north-east by the King and Queen, the King inspected the first Indian troops he has seen in this war.—Reuter.

HEAVY STRAIN ON GERMAN NERVES

Destructive Power Of Br. Bombs

LONDON, August 1.

In an account of what he saw in Germany, a correspondent of the Associated Press of America said that industrial Germany had had air raid alarms nearly every night for two weeks. He had seen several chimnies of factories destroyed by British bombs but none of the military authorities had admitted damage to any factory.

It was, however, admitted that an ammunition dump in Western Germany was set on fire, and that in one raid 17 people were killed. This death rate was described as higher than in some other cities. The head of the German A. R. P. Department in the course of a two-column press statement admitting the destructive power of British bombs said that he had seen one splinter going clean through heavy doors and two thick walls.

The correspondent concluded his account by saying that the British air raids were having a heavy strain on German nerves.—Reuter.

LONDON.—Czech soldiers in England have now been fitted in khaki and are anxious to face the enemy. More men will join them from Canada and U. S. A. Their squadrons of fighters and bombers have nearly completed training.

Flag Salutation near the statue of Lokamanya Tilak at Chowpatty on Thursday morning.

Tokyo Threat To U. S.

Japanese Navy Spokesman Talks On Repercussions Of Ban On Export Of Petrol

TOKYO, August 1.

The United States Government ban on the export of aviation petrol will not affect Japan's military operations, a Navy Office spokesman said at a Press Conference.

He stated: "Under whatever pretext it is to be enforced the action represents an anti-Japanese move and is calculated to bring economic pressure to bear upon Japan, constituting as it does an unfriendly act. If the United States pursues such a course she may have fully considered the international repercussions which such action is bound to cause".—Reuter.

Konoye Cabinet's DRIVE *For New Order*

Solicitude For Prosperity Of East Indies And Indo-China

TOKYO, August 1.

"The immediate aim of Japanese foreign policy is to set up an East Asiatic sphere of common prosperity with Japan, Manchukuo and China as the mainstay, and including French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies and the South Sea Islands.

"In this sphere, self-settlement and self-sufficiency will prevail. Japan will henceforth stop the policy of patting everyone on the back" declared the Japanese Foreign Minister outlining the new cabinet's policy.

NEW CABINET'S STATEMENT

The new Government has issued a lengthy statement of policy. It says that the world stands at a great historic turning point, and it is an urgent necessity that "we should grasp the inevitable trends of history and strive for perfection of the state structure for national defence."

The statement sets forth in great detail new fundamental national policies giving as the first step the construction of a New Order in Greater East Asia, having for its foundation the solidarity of Japan, Manchukuo and China.

Foreign policy will be directed first towards a complete settlement of the China affair. There must be complete renovation of domestic administration, involving reform of education, the Diet and the bureaucracy, national defence and economy, including co-operative economy between Japan, China and Manchukuo, control of banks, adaptation of foreign trade policy to suit the new world situation self-sufficiency in daily necessities, epoch making expansion of vital industries, rationalisation of production, better transport, maintenance of the standard of living to enable the nation to lead a plain, solid and vigorous life.—Reuter.

JAPANESE RELEASE SIX BRITONS

LONDON, August 1.

It is stated authoritatively in London that altogether six of the Britons arrested in Japan have now been released but there are still seven under arrest.—Reuter.

'NO PATTING ON THE BACK' POLICY

LONDON, August 1.

Mr. Matsuka explained Japan's new policy in an interview to the press.

He said Japan henceforth would never endeavour to shake hands with those countries which refused to co-operate with her and the "pat on the back policy" would be abandoned for good.

As regards the European war, the non-involvement policy would be adhered to for the time being, but he declined to give any further commitment in that connection.

He added "it goes without saying that great East Asia includes the south sea region".—

(SEE PAGE 7.)

International Labour Force

LONDON, August 1.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Ernest Bevin Minister for Labour announced the formation of International Labour branch as part of the Employment Department of the Ministry of Labour with a view to organising man-power of Allied Nations and other well-disposed persons of foreign nationality in the United Kingdom.

Mr. Bevin added, he hoped to have the advice and assistance of an advisory committee, including Trade Union representatives from Foreign countries. He hoped thereby to get valuable assistance in establishing the 'bona fides' of well-disposed foreigners and in bringing sympathetic consideration to bear on individual cases.

Asked to see that Englishmen had preference, Mr. Bevin replied it was the policy of his department to see that Britishers had preference, but at present he was extremely short of skilled men and in utilising the skill and ability of a number of foreigners, he would actually be putting Britishers to work.

Mr. Bevin declared that his Department had nothing to do with people, who were interned, the question of whose release was a matter for the Home Secretary. His Committee would work through the Trade Union Congress and with the assistance of the Employers' Organisation.

Concluding, Mr. Bevin said, 'I do not propose to use the term 'aliens' or 'refugees'. It is my intention that once foreigners have been passed on to me by the Security Department, and when security is not in danger, to call them an International Labour Force".—Reuter.

NAZI DEMAND ON NEUTRALS

BOMBAY, Aug. 1.

A cable received from London says: The Swedish paper "Svenskadagbladet" referring to the German demand that neutral countries should cease publishing Reuter's messages, point out that it is in the nature of things that German, Italian and Russian press give—let us say—a more tendentious picture than the press in countries where the Government have not taken on the responsibility for the people's thinking and knowing.

It is equally obvious that in countries wishing to remain outside the belligerent propaganda battle, the press must see to it that news should be as little one-sided as possible. All the above would have been regarded as a truism a few years ago, but today the most elementary truths have to be repeated.

"They must especially be repeated when absolutely untenable assertions are linked with unjustified and uppermissible claims to guardianship. Finally, which is greater proof that the Government has the people's conscious, voluntary support—when every word is controlled, or when there is freedom of thought and speech."—A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (-—-), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

British Firm of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers propose expanding their representatives staff immediately. Applications are invited from well educated young men who have had, preferably, some pharmaceutical or chemical training. Previous experience of representative's work not necessary. Apply Box No. 13497 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for the J. I. New English School, Ahmedabad a B.A.B.T. with English and Sanskrit. Apply stating age, experience and minimum salary expected, to the Head Master. (13483)

Wanted a B.T. or B.A. B.Sc. knowing Marathi and Kanarese for the teacher's posts in the Municipal Secondary Middle School, Kaliyal. Applications must reach the undersigned by the 8th August, 1940 with their testimonials, if any. (Sd.) A. P. Desai, President, Municipality Kaliyal, Dist. N. Kanara. (3080)

Wanted—6 Gujrathi Clerks and Typists on 25/- 30/- and Managers on 100—250, apply: Federal Co., 31, Forbes St. (13496)

Wanted qualified and experienced Superintendent of Police in mofussil. Apply stating age, qualifications previous experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 3079, "Bombay" Chronicle."

Wanted A Forest Officer on a pay of Rs. 175-5-200—10/2 250/- p. m. with permanent travelling allowance of Rs. 20/- p. m. and free furnished quarters. The post is permanent and pensionable. Knowledge of Gujarati necessary. The selected candidate will have to join immediately. Only fully trained and qualified persons should apply stating (1) Age, (2) Caste, (3) Qualifications giving dates of passing the examination, (4) Place of residence and (5) previous experience with copies of testimonials etc. to the Chhota Udepur State Service Bureau, Chhotaudepur. (3054)

62. TO BE LET

To Let in Nanabhai Lane, immediately adjoining Hornby Road, vacant shops, Godowns, and flats for offices, telephones, very attractive rents, alterations for suitable rents, apply Bam 31, Wodehouse Road, Fort. (13494)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

MEDICAL GRADUATES below 40 years of age are required for appointment to Emergency Commissions in the Indian Medical Service. Full particulars may be obtained from the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi. (3082)

In the Matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT. VII of 1913 AND
In the Matter of NEW INDIA RUBBER TYRE RETREADING Co., Ltd.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Sec. 209 (G) of the Act, that a MEETING of the Creditors of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Office of the Liquidator, Tamarind Lane, Fort Chambers, Fort, Bombay on FRIDAY, the 9th August, 1940, at 5-30 P.M. (S.T.) to receive the Liquidators' Statement containing particulars with respect to the proceedings in and position of the liquidation.

Bombay dated 1st August, 1940.
MANKODI & Co.,
Attorneys for
Messrs. M. G. VORA, and M. K. VATSARAJ,
Liquidators.

In the Matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT. VII of 1913. AND
In the Matter of THE ALL-INDIA TYRE & RUBBER MFG. Co., Ltd.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Sec. 209(G) of the Act, that a MEETING of the Share-holders of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Office of the Liquidator, Tamarind Lane, Fort Chambers, Fort, Bombay on FRIDAY, the 9th August, 1940, at 4-30 P. M. (S.T.) to receive the Liquidator's statement containing particulars with respect to the proceedings in and position of the liquidation.

Bombay, dated 1st August, 1940.
MANKODI & Co.,
Attorneys for
Mr. M. K. VATSARAJ,
Liquidator.

NOTICE

THE KALUPUR RELIEF ROAD SCHEME, AHMEDABAD.

(RE: SALE OF PLOTS)

All persons, desiring safe and lucrative investment in real property, are hereby informed that the Ahmedabad Municipality is laying out a new arterial road from Station to Lal Darwaja, called Kalupur Relief Road, and very shortly the said road will be ready with modern civic amenities. All efforts are being made to make this very important road, as useful to the public as possible. All along its length from Sakar Bazar to Lal Darwaja, there are fine open plots of land, fronting on it and the Municipality intends to sell the said plots to the public.

Convenient plots are available to accommodate Public Buildings, Cinemas, Hotels, Residential Houses, Shops and all sorts of buildings. Rare corner plots, on the intersections of the Relief Road and other existing important roads, such as Kalupur Road, Ghee Kanta Road, Salapos Road, etc., will also be open for sale very shortly.

Intending purchasers are, hereby, requested to have inspection of the plans in the Municipal Office.

Intending purchasers should communicate for any information to the Special Officer, Relief Road Scheme of the Ahmedabad Municipality.

(Sd.) B. D. PATEL,
Ag. Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Dated 11-7-40.
Office of the Special Officer,
Kalupur Relief Road Scheme,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Ahmedabad. (3078)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of sponges large for cleaning carriages. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 16-8-1940 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) 3069.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of Waste Paper and old Records, old Hollerith Cards, old surplus Tally Cards, and old Roneodex Cards and Office Sweepings for the period of one year commencing 1st September, 1940. Price per copy of tender form Rs. 2/- which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 23rd August, 1940, at 3 p.m. (S.T.). Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. 3070.

THE BOMBAY SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of certain articles of school furniture, water vessels, etc. Tender forms can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2/- on personal application. Samples of articles of furniture and water vessels, etc., to be supplied can be seen in the Store room of this Office. Each tender must be accompanied by a Cash Deposit of Rs. 100/- and the sealed tenders should be handed over to the Superintendent of Accounts, in this office on Monday, the 12th August, 1940, between 11 a.m. (B.T.) and 1 p.m. (B.T.)

R. V. PARULEKAR.
Secretary, Schools Committee.
The Schools Committee's Office,
Gilder Tank Building, Grant Rd.
Bombay, 31st July, 1940. 3087.

INDIAN STEEL & WIRE PRODUCTS, LIMITED

NOTICE.

THE FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indian Steel and Wire Products, Limited, will be held on Saturday, the 24th August, 1940 at 11-30 A. M. at the Registered Office of the Company, at 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1940.
2. To sanction the declaration of Dividends on Ordinary and Deferred Shares.
3. To elect a Director in place of Mr. K. B. Ghose, B.L., who retires in accordance with Article 111 of the Articles of Association of the Company and is eligible for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Sardar Ajaib Singh who retires in accordance with Article 111 of the Articles of Association of the Company and is eligible for re-election.
5. To elect a Director in place of Sir Jogendra Singh, who retires in accordance with Article 102 of the Articles of Association of the Company and is eligible for re-election.
6. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration. Messrs. Batliboi and Purohit retire and offer themselves for re-election.
7. To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRASFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 10th August, 1940 to SATURDAY, the 24th August, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
INDRA SINGH & SONS, LTD.
BALDEV SINGH,
Director,
Managing Agents.

Date 31st July, 1940.

NOTE:—If Dividends on shares as recommended by the Directors are passed at the Meeting, they will be paid after the 31st August, 1940 to those shareholders whose names are registered in books of the Company on the 24th August, 1940. (3083)

Public Notices

NOTICE AS TO LOST POLICY

Policy No. 129064 in NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., LTD., on the life of Mr. Channappa Maharudrappa Benne of Dharwar having been lost, notice is hereby given that failing any objection to reach the Company within one month from any interested party with production of the policy the Company will proceed in pending matters concerning the policy.

K. M. NAIK,
Manager,
National Insurance Co., Ltd.
7, Council House St.,
Calcutta. (3081)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 694 BUNDLES M. S. ROUND BARS OF 5/16, 3/8 AND 1/4 INCH BY 18 AND 36 FEET.

Under instructions from Messrs. MacKinnon MacKenzie & Co. Messrs. MENESSE & COY will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 2nd August, 1940, at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms Great Western Building, Apollo Street, the above mentioned goods.

MENESSE & Co.

EASTERN AUCTION Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Maskati Mahal, Lohar Chawl, Opp. Harharwala Building, of complete Bungalow furniture, Gramophone, Remington portable typewriter, Safe, Singer Machine, Chesterfield sets, Wardrobes, Remington typewriter, Wrist watches, etc.

GIVE US A WOMAN—
AND WE GIVE YOU A NEW WORLD OF EMOTIONS!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
TODAY AT
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.

NOTICE
TO ACCOMMODATE INCREASING CROWDS
SPECIAL EXTRA SHOW
ON SAT., SUNDAY & HOLIDAYS
DURING AUGUST
MATINEE AT 1 P.M.

WIVES FILM
Which Husbands Should See
HINDUSTAN'S SOCIAL
SAUBHAGYA
6th WEEK at
ROXY
Daily 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
Mat. at 1 p.m. on
Saturday, Sunday & Holidays.
Next LADIES SHOW on Monday at 1 p.m.

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY:
"SPAWN OF THE NORTH"
with DOROTHY LAMOUR
AKIM TOMIROFF
From TO-MORROW
"ELIZABETH AND ESSEX"
with BETTE DAVIS,
ERROL FLYNN
SUNDAY: 10-30 A.M.
"THE CITADEL"
with ROBERT DONAT

5TH GREAT WEEK OF MELODIOUS MUSIC!
See Associated Productions' Maiden Hit
"ANDHI"
(The Tempest)
KRISHNA
Daily:—4-45, 7-45, & 10 p.m.
Also LATEST WAR NEWS IN HINDI

BARODA MILLS STRIKE ENDS

Dewan's Intervention In Dearness Allowance Issue Ends Dispute

AHMEDABAD, August 1.

After about two months' duration the strike of about 12,000 operatives of ten mills in four towns of Baroda State on the question of dearness allowance has come to an end according to information received in the office of the Textile Labour Association, which is conducting a branch in Baroda State.

It appears the Dewan intervened and persuaded the mill agents to accept the arbitration of Mr. Motilal Chhotalal Desai, a retired judge of Baroda State. The operatives of the three mills in Petland have resumed work to-day, while the operatives of other centres will resume work on 4th instant by which date all of them will be informed of the settlement of the strike.—A. P.

BURMA ROAD PACT & JAPAN'S RIGHT

LONDON, July 31.

A recent agreement on the Burma Road did not give the right of inspection to the Japanese authorities in Burma, declared Mr. Butler in answer to a question.

There was no Japanese diplomatic staff in Burma, and only the Japanese Consulate was situated in Rangoon.—Reuter.

BOMBAY CITY AMBULANCE CORPS

Results Of The Annual Examinations

The Officer Commanding B. C. A. Corps writes:—

The Annual Certificate Examinations in (I) First Aid to the Injured, (II) Home Nursing, (III) Hygiene, (IV) Sanitation; the Annual Diploma Examination in (V) "Diploma in Ambulance Work"; and the Instructors' Examination in (VI) First Aid to the Injured of the Volunteers of the Brigade were conducted by the Board of Examiners appointed by the Medical Board of the Society in July 1940 and the following Volunteers of the Brigade have been declared successful in order of merit:—

(I) Certificate Examination in "FIRST AID TO THE INJURED"—First Class: Pte. Vanita J. Zaveri, Pte. Narayan G. Rawoot. Second Class. Pte. Mangaldas B. Desai, Pte. Aruna D. Sampat, Pte. Prabha L. Dalal.

Pass Class: Pte. Saryu R. Dalal, Pte. Saroj S. Nazir, Pte. Avantika N. Surti, Pte. Rashmi P. Mazumdar, Pte. Rama D. Dave, Pte. Laxmi K. Mehta, Pte. Padmakant K. Parekh, Pte. Karsandas L. Madhani, Pte. Tribhovandas M. Doshi, Pte. Navinchandra J. Master, Pte. Madhukanta R. Shah, Pte. Shanta S. Marvadi.

"HOME NURSING"—Second Class: Pte. Vasant B. Merchant.

Pass Class: Ag. L/Cpl. Ambu G. Oka, Pte. Ambalal D. Joshi, Pte. Pranlal H. Shah, Pte. Suryabala C. Doctor, Pte. Rasiklal C. Desai.

"HYGIENE"—First Class: L/Cpl. Dullabhji M. Patel, Ag. L/Cpl. Jamna S. Merchant, L/Cpl. Sarala J. Deshmukh, Pte. Dhairyabala N. Nanavati.

Pass Class: Ag. Cpl. Dharamdas I. Bhansali.

"SANITATION"—Pass Class: Ag. Sgt. Harjivan K. Tanna.

"DIPLOMA IN AMBULANCE WORK"—The result will be announced on 7th August, 1940.

Instructors' Examination in "FIRST AID TO THE INJURED": Pte. Dhairyabala N. Nanavati, Ag. L/Cpl. Jamna S. Merchant, Ag. Cpl. Dharamdas I. Bhansali.

PRIZES:

The "First Aid to the Injured" examination Cup is awarded to Pte. Vanita J. Zaveri, 'B' Division.

The "Home Nursing" examination Cup is awarded to Pte. Vasant B. Merchant, 'B' Division.

The "Hygiene" examination Cup is awarded to L/Cpl. Dullabhji M. Patel, 'A' Division.

The "Sanitation" examination Cup is awarded to Ag. Sgt. Harjivan K. Tanna, 'C' Division.

Rs. 5,000 REWARD
feel and be YOUNG the first NIGHT
A REVOLUTION IN MEDICINE WORLD

Dear Reader,

If you feel weak and rundown at 30 or 40; or if a helpless victim to old-age, loss of vigour, low vitality, nervous breakdown, depression, giddiness, bloodlessness, insomnia, high blood pressure, mental or physical exhaustion, weak memory, loss of appetite; is nature really to blame for all this? The reason is not far to seek. It is your own ignorance of laws of nature. There is a disappointing deficiency of 'Nectarde-Vital,' Vitamins and Mineral Salts in your system. It is a Nature's Warning Signal. Any delay would be dangerous nay even fatal. Commence immediately Parker's Wonder Working 'VELEXO'. The Vitamin Nectar Treatment, an unparalleled latest Scientific Discovery in the Medicine World and let the results speak for themselves. A surprising increase in vigour and vitality within 24 to 48 hours, and 100 p.c. improvement in health and energy within a week. Mark the lustre and brilliance of the face day by day. Weigh yourself a week after, and see how many pounds of solid flesh and bones added to your system, and how extra-ordinary strong, vigorous and younger in age you look and feel. How miraculously 'VELEXO' restores the vigour and vitality of the prime of life as if at 25, and makes you live and enjoy the pleasures of youth over again, and even the Whitish Grey Hair turn Jet Black, and a New Set of Teeth re-appears in old-age. This Magical effect of 'VELEXO' has well been tried in SWITZERLAND on the Decaying plants and leaves, which turned natural greens with the freshness of spring. 'VELEXO' has also stood the Clinical Tests of Medical Men in India most successfully. People all over India, Burma and Ceylon both Males and Females have used 'VELEXO' and speak very very highly of its Speedy and Startling results. Why not try yourself and be a living testimony. Write for Trial Phial at Concession Rates Rs. 3 per Phial. Postage Extra.

NOTE:—A Cash Reward of Rs. 5,000 awarded if the efficacy of 'VELEXO' is disproved.

From Any Leading Chemist or:—
THE BRITISH DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
P. O. Box No. 21, DELHI

AROUND THE COURTS

BAILED PERSON RE-ARRESTED.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Abdul Rahim Kamruddin Amin, who was ordered to be released on bail by the Chief Presidency Magistrate when he was placed on a remand application on Tuesday was re-arrested yesterday on a charge of cheating in respect of one lakh and sixty thousand rupees preferred against him by Abdul Kadar, a wealthy merchant and landlord of the city.

Believing in the blandishments of the accused an Aden businessman is alleged to have parted with Rs. 55,000 betwen 1931 and 1933 and afterwards discovered that he was the victim of a "preposterous pretender."

The report of this case, which appeared in city dailies, attracted the attention of the present complainant, who rushed to the C. I. D. and lodged his complaint.

Applying for a remand of the accused to custody, the police gave a graphic story of the alleged cheating.

An application for bail was made on behalf of the accused but the Magistrate refused the application.

ESCAPED PRISONER ARRESTED.

Bahadur Hussein, one of the four prisoners who escaped from the Princess Street Police Station Lock up, was arrested by the City Police at Agripada on Wednesday night. Other three prisoners are still at large.

CONVICTIONS UNDER LIGHTING RULES

Eshwarlal Jamnadas was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2 or in default to undergo 4 days' rigorous imprisonment under Lighting Rules by Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar.

Another person named Marghoole Hasan was also convicted under Lighting Rules. He was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 5 or in default to undergo one week's rigorous imprisonment.

BANDRA DEFAMATION CASE ADJOURNED.

An echo of the Bandra Defamation Cases, in which Mr. S. B. Sanglikar, Ex-Secretary of the Bandra Bus Co. Ltd., is the complainant and Mr. Francis Low and Mr. H. W. Smith, Editor and Printer of the "Times of India" and the "Evening News of India," and Mr. Akbar Noormahomed Chinoy, are the accused, was heard in the Court of Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Esplanade, when these cases were called out for hearing.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga, who appeared for all the three accused, applied to the Court for an adjournment as the board for the day was full and there was no possibility of the cases being taken up that day.

The cases now stand adjourned till 26th September next.

PRESS WORKER DISCHARGED

Dhondu Sakharam Jt. Secretary of the "Times of India" Press Employees' Association who was arrested on the alleged offence of intimidating another worker with intention to make him join the Strike was discharged by the Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. M. L. Shah, Advocate defended the accused.

HOTEL-BOY STABBED

Accused Gets 10 Years

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia.)

King-Emperor
v
Mahomed Hyder ..... Accused.

The accused was charged with having on 29th March 1940 committed the murder of one Nasir Noora and was committed to the High Court Sessions by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Sixth Court, Bombay.

The deceased was a hotel-boy in a tea-shop at Doctor Street called the Yusufi Islami Hotel. The accused was a servant in a bread and biscuit shop opposite the tea-shop. At about 8 a.m. on the date of the offence the accused went to the tea-shop and scolded and slapped the deceased for not having taken some food to the accused at his shop. At about 11-30 a.m. the same day the accused chased the deceased with an open knife into a neighbouring room and there stabbed him on the back of the chest. The deceased was taken to the J. J. Hospital but died in a few minutes at about 12-20 p.m. the same day.

The defence of the accused was that the deceased abused him and a hand to hand fight ensued in the course of which the deceased was accidentally injured by a knife which the deceased carried in his own hand.

The special jury returned a verdict of 7-2 finding the accused not guilty of the murder of the boy, but unanimously found the accused guilty of the lesser offence of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, without the intention but with the knowledge that the injury was likely to cause death. His lordship thereupon sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 10 years which was the maximum sentence under the latter part of Sec. 304 of the Indian Penal Code.

Mr. S. M. Shah instructed by the Public Prosecutor Mr. N. K. Petigara appeared for the Prosecution.

Mr. M. J. Sethna defended the accused.

DEMOCRATIC SWARAJISTS IN CONFERENCE

Kelkar Wants Royal Declaration Of Dominion Status

POONA, Aug. 1.

"Under no circumstances, in the period following the termination of the present war, will India remain in bondgae," said Mr. B. G. Khaparde, ex-Minister of the Central Provinces, in the course of his presidential address this evening to the fifth session of the Democratic Swaraj Party Conference held in the Tilak Mandir.

Mr. Khaparde criticised the Congress policy and said that although it was true that the post-war period would be favourable to India she must gain enough strength to turn the time to her own advantage. It was necessary, therefore, that all political parties sank their differences, and united for the common good and the cherished goal.

Earlier, inaugurating the session, Mr. N. C. Kelkar said that Britain's offer of Dominion Status to India within one year of the end of the war should be substantiated by a Royal declaration to that effect supported by a definite time-table, which should be stuck to, without fear or favour, of any political party or organisation.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who attended the Conference later in the evening, delivered a speech on "A prophecy vindicated," under the chairmanship of Mr. N. C. Kelkar, in connection with the Tilak anniversary celebrations.—United Press.

"ANTI-COMMUNAL AWARD DAY"

Hindu League's Support To Manifesto Of Malaviya And Aney

LUCKNOW, Aug. 1.

Kunwar Gurunarayan, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu League, supporting the joint manifesto issued by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Mr. M. S. Aney condemning the Communal Award and asking the country to observe 'Anti-Communal Award Day,' says:

"Those two great leaders of our country have given the right lead to the country by raising the cry of anti-Communal Award which, I have no hesitation in saying frankly, is the root cause of growing bitterness between the two great communities, namely Hindus and Muslims, which ultimately resulted in the demand for Pakistan."

Kunwar Gurunarayan hopes that 'Anti-Communal Award Day' will be observed throughout the country.—United Press.

UNIFORMITY IN TRAINING CONGRESS VOLUNTEERS

R. S. Pandit Prepares Reorganisation Scheme

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The first meeting of the Volunteer Reorganisation Sub-Committee appointed by the Congress Working Committee, was held here to-day, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel presiding. Among those present were Mian Iftikar-Uddin and the Secretary of the Frontier P. C. C.

Mr. R. S Pandit, Secretary of the Sub-Committee submitted a draft scheme for the reorganisation of Congress volunteers with a view to achieving uniformity in training and methods in all Congress Provinces. It was decided to circulate the proposal for opinion. The Secretary was, meanwhile, authorised to advise Provincial Congress Committees regarding the action to be taken without delay to stimulate volunteering.

Mr. R. S. Pandit will next proceed to the Frontier to watch the training camp of Khuda-i-Khitmatgars at Abbotabad and visit some places in the Mardan and Peshawar districts.—A. P.

Lucknow Students On Strike

LUCKNOW, August 1.

Students of the Lucknow University went on strike today as a protest against curtailments of their academic and civil rights, banning books on progressive literature, banning students' strikes, meetings and arrests of student workers. The strike is conducted by the Lucknow University Union.

A meeting of the Union was held at the A. P. Sen Hall in this connection when the speakers requested the All-India Students' Federation to organise partial struggle on the sectional demand of the students and also requested national leaders to launch national struggle for the realisation of the demand for complete national independence.—United Press.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

ON THE AIR

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Bismil Qawwal and party. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 Kumar Gandharv. 8-30 A. R. P. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 A topical talk in Gujarati. 9-15 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-25 G. R. Khan. 12-30 p.m. A Qawwali quartet. 12-45 A group of Ghazals. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ramante Tatra Devatah. 1-10 Naats. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-35 Airs from the West. 4-45 Hindustani. 5 Dattoba Tawde. 5-15 The Air Quartet. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-35 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Krishna Bai Hukkeri. 5-50 Bahurani-ke-Gane. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Kaniz Bai. 6-25 Readings from Marathi books. 6-30 Malati Sane. 6-45 Instrumental selections. 6-55 Mohammed. 7 New Marathi books. 7-15 Kaniz Bai and Allah Rakha. 7-25 Nagesh Rao. 7-30 Rajen Sircar. 7-37 Bismil Qawwal and party. 7-45 Krishna Bai Hukkeri. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Among the new books. 8-45 Dattoba Tawde. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Kaniz Bai. 10 Kumar Gandharv. 10-20 The Bombay Radio Orchestra.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Amanat Ali. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Flute and sarod. 8-50 Three Stars. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 1-57 Allan Mian and party. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Nasir Khan. 5-20 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-30 Zohra Khatoon. 5-45 Kallan Qawwal and party. 6-15 Nasir Khan. 6-35 Dhani Ram. 6-45 B. S. Thakur. 7 War Codes, 2. 7-15 Faiyaz Mohammad. 7-30 Nasir Khan. 7-45 World affairs. 8 Kallan Qawwal and party. 8-15 For villagers only. 10 It has happened. 10-5 Kallan Qawwal and party. 10-20 Zohra Khatoon. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time)

5 p.m. For the children. 6-6 Girls and boys come out to play. 6-40 Air Players. 9 Geeta Mittra. 10 Lalit Mohan Mukerjee.

VERGA ON A. I. R.

Accompanied by Walter Kaufmann, Egidio Verga, the well-known 'Cellist, will take imaginative listeners all the way to some romantic arbour in Spain when he will play the sonata in the old Spanish style. Tune in to Bombay on 51.48 metres to-day (Friday) evening at 10-10 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9.35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22 45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10 30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15 00	21 00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11 50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6 00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	5 45	21 30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8 15	21-15
	(*Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	2037	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION

Bombay, Aug 1

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 122 October 124 December 126

Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 140 October 142 December 144

Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 166 October 169 December 172

Yarn No. 40s August 239 October 241 December 243

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 31

T T London on :—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/3
Madrid	37.70
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.70/17.80
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 31

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers 13

Are you overlooking the surest way to charm?

She's tall and imperious with a lithe swinging walk. Her clothes are as simple as only the most expensive clothes can be. Yet there's something more which goes to make up her aura of subtle magnetism. Intangible, insistent, her perfume sets the note of her fascination. Coty *L'Aimant* is her fastidious choice.

But Coty have created other perfumes, all true perfumes made from flowers grown on Coty's own vast plantations. You will find one perfectly attuned to your personality and special type of beauty.

Ask to see the full Coty range —unhurriedly pick the perfume which is just right for you.

Coty

"L'AIMANT"

Price Lists on application.

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd.
M. G. Shahani & Co., Karachi.

FOR FITNESS

HOCKEY

Hockey is a wonderful game—very strenuous and excellent exercise. You may not be able to find the opportunity to play hockey but you can still remember the primary health rule which is to rid your system regularly of the poisonous wastes of constipation. The simplest aid to this is Feen-a-mint. Feen-a-mint Laxative is most pleasant to take, most economical to use and most efficient in action. It cleanses thoroughly but mildly. On sale at all chemists and stores.

Feen-a-mint *fitness comes first!*

Trade And Wall-Street Buying Meets Memphis Selling On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

"JOURNAL OF COMMERCE" ESTIMATES CROP AT ELEVEN MILLION BALES

Favourable Weekly Weather Report Without Influence

BOMBAY, August 1.

The inaction of the New York Cotton Exchange on Wednesday indicates that the market is awaiting some important development.

BULLISH CROP ESTIMATE

The "Journal of Commerce" issued the estimate of the growing American Cotton crop at 11,05,000 bales.

The production figure was considered bullish as the offtake will be about 7 1/2 million bales domestic consumption and about 3 million bales exports; leaving only 1/2 million bales as surplus.

NEW CROP BEGINS TO MOVE

For the first time receipts at all U.S.A. Ports totalled 32,000 bales showing movement of new crop. These arrivals are being hedged by Memphis firms and spot firms.

The weekly weather report was favourable but has no influence on the New York Market. It appears that there is more disposition to wait Government Loan announcement.

On Wednesday, New York cotton market was quietly steady and prices fluctuated within a narrow range of 6 points. Both high and low levels were recorded during the first hour.

The Agricultural Weekly weather report was considered favourable but was without any effect on the price structure. The Chicago grains market was easier on realising which caused a partial decline from the early rise and the spring wheat crop is estimated privately at 184,000,000 bushels.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady with trade and Wall Street buying on increased activity in textiles and the low private estimate of the "Journal of Commerce". The rise met Spot house and Memphis hedging. Later on there was local selling on easiness of stocks. The Wall Street market closed easier owing to the public's failure to follow up previous day's rise and U. S. Steel shares declined 1 1/4 at 53 3/4.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

Cotton did fairly well during the week with a return to dry weather. Conditions were favourable in Central portions. In Texas progress was poor in the Northwest due to dryness but in other parts it was very good. In Oklahoma cotton deteriorated in South. Western and Central sections but good advances were recorded. In the Eastern States the crop made generally a good advance. In general the week was quite favourable for retarding weevil activity throughout the Belt.

New York October opened at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 4 points with October 9.44. There was moderate hedging and prices declined to 9.38 which was the lowest level. Thereafter the market was quietly steady and finally closed at a decline of 1 to 3 points. Spot cotton price was reduced one point at 10.39c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 2 points. Spot cotton price remained unchanged at 10.30c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a decline of 2 points with October 7.19, but distant months were steady in sympathy with Bombay. There was small outside hedging and later the market steadied and finally closed at a decline of 2 to 4 points. Mid dling American Spot cotton price was one point down at 7.86d. per lb.

Egyptian cotton section was quietly steady. Uppers futures closed 3 points down and Giza futures closed at a rise of 4 points to a decline of 7 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10 a.m.)	9.44+04
New York October lowest (10-49 a.m.)	9.38—02
Liverpool October highest	7.21
Liverpool October lowest	7.18—03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York : Featureless market however large business finished goods.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 31

October	9.39—01
December	9.27—01
January	9.16—01
March	9.05—01
May	8.86—01
July	8.66—03
Middling Spot	10.39—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 31

October	9.42—02
December	9.30—02
January	9.17—03
Middling Spot	10.30

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 31
11 a.m ranges

October	9.39/9.39
December	9.26/9.26
March	9 04/9.04

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 31

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	32,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	nil
Day's exports to China and Japan	1,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 31

August	7.36—02
September	7.27—01
October	7.19—02
November	7.10—03
December	7.01—02
January	6.96—03
February	6.92—03
March	6.88—04
April	6.84—04
May	6.81—04
June	6.77—04
July	6.74—04
August	6.70
Middling Spot	7.86—01
	11 a.m. quotation.
October	7.19
January	6.98

CITY MARKETS CLOSED

BOMBAY, Aug. 1.

All city markets remained entirely closed to-day being the Anniversary of Lokmanya B. G. Tilak.

FIXED PRICES OF COMMODITIES

The following are the fair retail prices of several articles of foodstuffs in Bombay City published by the Controller of Prices, Bombay, for the week beginning from Friday, the 2nd August :—

ARTICLE.	RATE. Rs. a. p. per paylee
Rice (Country).	0 11 0 to 0 11 6
Jirasal (Bhiwandi) No. 1 quality	0 10 0 to 0 10 6
Jirasal (Bhiwandi) No. 2 quality	0 7 9 to 0 9 6
Jirasal No. 3 quality	
Rice (Burma)	
Small Mill	0 6 6
Madhia Mandla	0 7 9 to 0 8 0
Mandla ordinary	0 7 0
Patni	0 6 0 to 0 7 0
Wheat Khandwa No. 2	0 9 3
Wheat Yellow (Nasik)	0 8 0
Wheat Pissi Butki (Punjab)	0 6 6
Jowar Sholapur Yellow	0 5 9
Bajri Cawnpore & Kalpi ordinary	0 7 0
Gram Banda	0 6 9
Gram Shahpura	0 7 0
Turdal Cawnpore dry	0 8 0
Turdal Surat oiled superior	0 11 0
Masur Dal Superior	0 9 0
Chana Dal No. 1	0 9 0
Mung Chinai No. 2	0 11 0
	per lb.
Ghee Hatras	0 12 3
Ghee Porbunder	0 14 9
Til Oil	0 3 6
Cocoanut Oil	0 2 9
Groundnut oil	0 2 9
Sugar Java (Small Grain)	0 2 6
Indian Sugar (Large grain)	0 2 6
Indian Sugar (small grain)	0 2 6
Wimco Matches 40 Sticks 1 box	0 0 3
Wimco Matches 60 sticks 2 boxes	0 0 9

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 31

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£62 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£79
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£107
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£72 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£99 5/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory Bonds	£110
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£7
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London Reg.	£65
National Bank of India	£26

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 31

Rozario Santa Fe	not quoted
Barletta Russo	not quoted
South Australian Aug/Sept quoted	26/9

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 31

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange :—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	14 3/4
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	43 1/4
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	34
Electric Bond and Share Common	5 3/4
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	62
Int Tel and Tel	2 3/4
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 7/8
Amr Tel and Tel	162
Sun Life of Canada	180
Western Union Telegraph	18 1/8
New York Central	12 1/4
Great Northern Pfd	23 1/2
Union Pacific	83 1/2
Australia 5 per cent 1955	47
United States Steel	53 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	79
Crucible Steel	31
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22
Republic Steel	17 3/8
Int Nickel of Canada	23 5/8
U S Smelting	50
Anaconda Copper Mining	20 5/8
Chrysler Motors	73
General Motors	45 1/4
Socony	8 1/2
Standard Oil of N J	34
Texas Corporation	39
Consolidated Oil	6 3/8
Chesapeake and Ohio	38 1/4

Turnover 550,000 shares.

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 229 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 128 cent points at exchange 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 31

Broach J/A highest 179 lowest 176 1/2 closing 178 3/4

Broach A/M highest 196 3/4 lowest 193 1/4 closing 196 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 175 1/2 lowest 172 closing 175 1/4

Bengal D/J highest 141 1/2 lowest 137 1/2 closing 141 1/4

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 31

UPPERS :—	
Spot	11.60+04
October	10.62—03
December	10.52—03
January	10.24—03
March	10.02—03
May	9.95—03
July	9.95—
GIZA NO. 2 :—	
Spot	11.60+14
October	10.80+15
November	10.69+04
January	10.49+02
March	10.29—03
May	10.17—07
July	10.17

FIRMNESS IN LONDON RUBBER MARKET

London, June 12

Messrs. Symington & Wilson have issued the weekly rubber market report.

After remaining fully steady up to the end of the week the market became very firm on Monday and on Tuesday after it was known that Italy had openly entered the war the market strengthened still further and Ribbed Smoked Sheet on the Spot rose 1/2d. per lb. to 1/1 1/8d. This morning sellers were again very reserved and there was a further sharp advance. At the time of writing our market is steady but prices are rather below the best of the day. The rise in price on the week ranges from 1 7/16d for near positions to 9/16d. for January/March, which has been rather neglected.

Malayan Port Stocks: Figures of stocks in Malaya outside the regulated area at the end of May were published this morning. Dealers' stocks in Singapore and Penang were 21,475 tons (end of April 28,584 tons). Stocks in the hands of the Harbour Board and awaiting shipment were 11,294 tons (13,655 tons). This gives a total of 32,770 tons, a reduction of 9,469 tons on the month.

Ceylon Shipments: Shipments from Ceylon during May amounted to 7,341 tons of Ceylon produced rubber and 185 tons of imported rubber, making a total of 7,526 tons. The corresponding figure in April was 4,614 tons.

American Tyre Trade: We give below the figures for April together with those for March and for April last year for comparison :—

	Production	Deliveries.	Manufacturers' Stock at end of month
April 1940	5,105,953	5,009,762	10,881,029
March 1940	5,007,042	4,345,674	10,747,370
April 1939	4,310,424	4,457,735	9,812,695

The large increase in deliveries over March is almost entirely due to the improved replacement demand. Original equipment sales were only slightly above those for March but were 33 per cent. more than in April, 1939

Restricted Turnover In Yarn Market

Bombay : July 31.

The yarn market has remained rather quiet and uninteresting throughout the whole past week. Turnover during the week is considerably restricted on account of continued loss of confidence amongst the dealers and consumers in the present level of prices and also due to unsatisfactory demand from almost all important consuming districts throughout this country. It is true that the present level of prices of Indian yarns in particular is undoubtedly very low and attractive and even comparing the prices of yarns with that of the present prices of cotton in many cases it does not pay the mills to make sales of their yarns with any margin of profit. In spite of this it is really understandable how offtake of Indian yarns continues to remain poor for the last several weeks. It is further reported from several important consuming districts that the sales of handloom cloth have considerably fallen off and the handloom weavers have been finding it extremely difficult to make both ends meet. It is no wonder therefore that some of them have been taking to other lines for the time being and therefore consumption of yarns has temporarily declined. Reports from cloth markets all over the country are not yet satisfactory and whilst some signs are in evidence that the cloth market is slowly and gradually improving it is yet too early to anticipate at the present stage whether this slight improvement will continue further. Stocks with the mills both of yarns and cloth have naturally been increasing and some of them are inclined to make sales even at lower prices but in the absence of buyers no business of importance has been possible. As regards Export markets the situation is still more unfavourable inasmuch as there have been hardly any enquiries from our regular markets such as Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Java and other important outlets in the Far East. This is probably due to the present political situation round about those countries. Some enquiries have been received from Middle East, Australia and other markets but the intense freight difficulty and special make up of yarns do not allow bulk business be possible for these markets. On the whole the situation is not yet very hopeful except that the reports about Monsoon from almost all parts of the country are satisfactory and these might bring about some confidence and consequent improvement in demand in course of time.

ENGLISH YARNS

No business is naturally possible in this class of yarns on account of the present war situation.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns have remained rather irregular during the week. There has been some improvement in Mercerised yarns owing to some demand from consuming districts and also due to higher replacing costs. In Shanghai yarns however there has been some decline in prices probably due to pressure of offers from Shanghai at somewhat lower prices. Speculative demand in Mercerised yarns is very restricted. Fresh forward business with Japan and China is practically nil on account of uncertainty regarding the future course of the market and also due to wide fluctuations in Exchange almost every day.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

A slightly better feeling has been in evidence both in artificial silk yarns and staple fibre yarns probably due to continued heavy decline in prices during the last few days. Enquiries from important consuming districts have increased and prices have improved to the extent of about half an anna per lb. during the week in almost all qualities particularly in bright yarns. Fresh forward business with Japan has been very limited owing to irregular quotations and uncertain tendency at present.

INDIAN YARNS

Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd. has increased further during the week probably due to present very low and attractive prices particularly of 20 1/2s. During the week prices have improved to the extent of Rs. 3 per bale and the undertone has remained steady. Some improvement in cotton has also helped the market and the tendency at the close has remained slightly more hopeful.

Imports Of Sugar From East Indies

Simla, Aug 1

"The Government of India have decided to issue an open general licence for the importation from the Netherlands East Indies of all goods including sugar of local origin, says a press note :—

At the same time they have pleasure in announcing that the Government of the Netherlands East Indies, being aware of the difficulties through which the Indian industry is passing, have voluntarily undertaken to restrict exports of sugar to India including maritime states, that arrivals during the current financial year will not exceed 35,000 tons; this figure to be inclusive of re-exports by land and sea, which are normally considerable. This figure of 35,000 tons may be contrasted with last year's total of nearly 311,000 tons and with that of 50,000 tons recorded in 1938-39.

The Government of India in their turn have agreed not to enhance the protective duty on Java sugar or to impose other restrictions on its importation during the same year.

Since the system of import trade control was introduced the Netherlands East Indies have joined the sterling bloc.—A. P.

LONDON SILVER

London, July 31

Spot	22 3/8
Forward	22 1/16

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Aug 1

B. C. RATES —

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 1st February

LONDON :—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 1st February

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 1st February

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK :—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS :—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN :—

Bank's selling T T 85 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying T T 80 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 79 1/2 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 167 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 1st inst.

Shanghai London 0/4 1/16 1st inst.

New York London 3.83 1/2 31st ultimo

London Java 7.58/62 31st ultimo

London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 31st ulto.

London Switzerland 17.70/80 31st ultimo

London Stockholm 16.85/95 31st ultimo

London Japan 1/3 3/16 31st ultimo

Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Quiet

Gold £8-8-0 30th ultimo

Gold £8-8-0 31st ultimo

Silver London Ready 22 3/8 30th ultimo

Silver London Ready 22 3/8 31st ultimo

Silver London Forward 22 1/16 30th ultimo

Silver London Forward 22 1/16 31st ultimo

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 30th ultimo

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 31st ultimo

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 30th ultimo

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 31st ultimo

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 30th ultimo

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 31st ultimo

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money :—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone :—Very easy

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 26th July 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL :—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50 000
Reserve liability of shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		91,92,37,000
Loans against securities per contra		
Acceptances for Constituents		15,000
Sundries		50,49,000
	Rupees	1,03,68,01,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS :—		
Government securities	40,46,99,000	
Other Authorised Investments	97,92,000	41,44,91,000
ADVANCES :—		
Loans	7,61,73,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	31,45,96,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,99,53,000	43,07,22,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		15,000
Dead Stock		1,84,04,000
Sundries		40,96,000
Bullion		
CASH :—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	14,29,55,000	
Balances with other Banks	2,61,19,000	16,90,74,000
	Rupees	1,03,68,01,000

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on 26th July :—

1. Demand Liabilities :	
(a) In India	145,93,86,000
(b) In Burma	7,53,97,000
2. Time Liabilities :	
(a) In India	102,97,11,000
(b) In Burma	3,63,06.000
3. Cash :	
i. Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes :	
(a) In India	6,40,48,000
(b) In Burma	1,57,000
ii. Burma Notes :	
(a) In India	29,000
(b) In Burma	45,15,000
iii. Rupee Coin :	
(a) In India	1,05,61,000
(b) In Burma	1,03,000
iv. Subsidiary Coin :	
(a) In India	35,94,000
(b) In Burma	38,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	31,64,41,000
5. Advances :	
(a) In India	125,90,40,000
(b) In Burma	4,10,46,000
6. Bills Discounted :	
(a) In India	3,07,04,000
(b) In Burma	9,80,000

Comparative statement of the position of Scheduled Banks :—

(In thousand Rupees)

	26-7-1940	19-7-1940	28-7-1939	1-9-1939
1. Demand liabilities in India and Burma	153,47,83 (7,53,97)	151,37,32 (7,20,69)	140,74,78 (6,82,28)	141,39,78 (7,03,29)
2. Time liabilities in India and Burma	106,60,16 (3,63,06)	106,83,36 (3,71,43)	107,40,23 (4,32,47)	106,46,46 (4,22,12)
3. Total cash in India and Burma	8,30,45 (48,13)	8,32,07 (40,41)	7,13,03 (41,22)	7,29,82 (59,37)
4 Balances with Reserve Bank	31,64,41	29,48,96	26,01,56	25,27,75
5. Advances in India & Burma	130,00,86 (4,10,46)	132,11,23 (4,34,80)	108,67,78 (3,86,95)	105,65,08 (4,12,92)
6. Bills discounted in India and Burma	3,16,84 (9,80)	3,55,90 (13,39)	4,92,52 (26,22)	3,86,74 (29,48)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets).

FURTHER DECLINE IN SUGAR PRICES

Absence Of Buyers

Bombay, July 31

Java sugar : Since our last review, local market for ready Java sugar continued to remain dull and depressed with a decline of about Rs. 1/8 per cwt. mainly due to pressure of sales of Indian sugars at prices which were considerably below the price of Java sugar. Ready demand was negligible and the quotation for ready Java was almost nominal. The decline in Bonded Java sugar was however only 4 annas per cwt. which was mainly due to present stock which were reduced to about 1800 tons, and as the stocks were in strong hands, the holders were not willing to sell at present prices in view of higher prices ruling in Java. So far, there has been no improvement in demand for transhipment and shipments of some of the goods already sold have been rendered difficult on account of continued scarcity of freight. There was continued buying interest in September and prices on the whole have advanced by about 4 annas per cwt. as compared with last week. Business was however very restricted and mostly confined to short coverings by the local dealers as the prices ruling in Java were much higher and there was difficulty of securing Import Licenses. Java market was reported steady with "Nivas" limit unchanged at 775 Glds. per 100 Kilos. At the close, tone of the market for ready was dull while September was very steady.

INDIAN SUGAR

Local market for Indian sugar has continued to remain dull and depressed with a further decline of 4 annas in ready. The market is still in an almost disorganised state with heavy pressure of sales by the Mills even at 6 to 8 annas per maund below the Syndicate limits but there were no buyers. Owing to the present policy of the Syndicate, the merchants have lost confidence in the stability of the market and naturally therefore prefer to wait and watch fresh developments. The losses have so far been heavier than expected and in the present confused state of the market, it would be difficult to say how and where the rut will end. The important news at the end of the week was a press report from Allahabad that a deputation of the Directors of the Indian Sugar Syndicate waited on H. E. the Governor of U. P. and requested His Excellency amongst other things that the withdrawal of recognition should be rescinded and both U. P. and Behar Governments should take some steps under the Defence of India Rules to stabilise the sugar Industry by measures such as control of prices, production and stopping of speculation. It is expected that Government will take favourable steps especially with regard to recognition of the Syndicate.

FOREIGN MARKETS

There was an all-round advance of 2 points in New York market. Java market was reported steady with the "Nivas" limit unchanged at 7.75 Glds. Business has been rendered very difficult owing to freight, Exchange and other difficulties.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There was no interest in Java sugar as there were no stocks in Calcutta. In Karachi, there were stocks of about 5000 bags which were mostly sold for transhipment. In forward there was no interest. In Indian sugar, Calcutta market was reported very dull with many sellers and no buyers. Mills were inclined to sell at 4 to 6 annas below the Syndicate limits but business was not possible as the merchants are already involved in heavy losses and are not in a position to undertake further liabilities until situation is clarified.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java sugar is likely to fluctuate round about the present level of prices. As regards forward positions, situation is very uncertain at present and depends upon the actual demand from some of the maritime states of Cutch and Kathiawar which usually import sugar for their requirements.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Aug 1

Bengal Fine	140-43
C. P. 1	179-82
C. P. 2	171-72
Berar	170-72
Khandesh	168-70
Jalna/Sailu	168-70
Ahmednagar	168-70
Broach	177-79

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Aug 1

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		150	147	144 141
M G Punjab		150	147	144 141
M G Rajputana		157	154	151 148
M G Oomra No. 3	180	178	176	174
M G C P No. 1	192	190	187	184
M G C P No. 2	184	182	179	176
M G Broach No. 2		183	181	179 176
M G Punjab-American		217	215	213 210
M G Surat		236	233	231 228
M G Rajpipla		228	226	224 221
M G Navsari		241	239	237 234

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Aug 1

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year Since 1st Sept.	Last year
Khandesh		65,879	86,764
Central India		109,361	226,[illegible]
Berar and Nagar		114,118	94,[illegible]
Hyderabad/Gaorani		47,970	4,[illegible]
Berar		318,618	162,719
Central Provinces		76,962	38,218
Total Oomras		722,608	563,662
Dholeras		89,297	276,950
N W Provinces		26,079	9,954
Rajputana		35,228	80,270
Sind-Punjab	1	369,766	334,994
Broach	202	408,748	414,944
Coompta and Dharwar	190	51,055	150,837
Westerns-Northerns	51	36,700	96,660
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,392	2,637
Total	444	1,740,989	1,930,306
Arrived by road to 25th July 1940		339,387	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 31-7-40	7813000	4181000
Receipts yesterday 31-7-40	32000	12000
Export to date 31-7-40	5433000	3575000
Stock at Ports 26-7-40	2459000	2029000
Stock at Interior Towns 26-7-40	1976000	2432000
Stock at Liverpool 26-7-40	.....	658000
Visible Supply 26-7-40	.....	4871000
Quantity in sight 26-7-40	13859000	9725000
Quantity out of sight 26-7-40	.....	10489000

Bank Rate

Bombay, Aug 1

The Reserve Bank of India rate is unchanged at three per cent per annum.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 31

3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	72 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War loan	99 5/8
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	110 3/4

LONDON GOLD

London, July 31

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940

	New York : August 1.
Previous closing	9.39
To-day's opening	9.41
Difference	+2
To-day's closing	9.39
Difference	Nil

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August 1940 ..... Rs. 177
Broach April/May 1941 ..... Rs. 195

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940

	Liverpool : August 1.
Previous closing	7.19
To-day's opening	7.20
Difference	+1
To-day's closing	7.23
Difference	+4

NEW YORK COTTON

New York : August 1.

New York cotton was quietly steady with the closure of Bombay, restraining operations. Consequently movements were very narrow, although the undertone was good. The trading in October began at 9.41, i. e. 2 points higher than the last closing. Prices improved on scattered trade and local support, but thereafter the demand tapered off with price hovering around opening level.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

July Old (9.44/44) 9.41/41
October (9.31/31) 9.27/27
March (9.09/09) Unquoted

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS

London : August 1.

Castorseeds Aug/Sept (£17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Aug/Sept (£16 5/8) £16 5/8
Linseed La Plata Aug/Sept (Unquoted)
Groundnuts Coromandal Aug/Sept (£15 5/8) £15 5/8

JUTES

Dundee August (£33) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER

Spot (12 7/8d buyers) 13d paid and buyers
Forward October/December (12 3/4d paid and sellers) 12 13/16d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£269 buyers; £269 1/4 sellers. Steady) £267 3/4 buyers, £268 sellers. Barely steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York : August 1.

Previous closing 3.83
To-day's opening 3.83 1/2

T T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London : August 1.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London : August 1.

T T London on Paris not quoted.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York : August 1.

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors (dol 45 7/8) Unquoted
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 21) dol 21
U S Steel Common (dol 55 1/2) dol 54
U S Steel Preference (Unquoted) Unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London : August 1.

The following cable was received from London :—

Market quiet and featureless. Business small.

LONDON SILVER

London : August 1.

Spot (22 3/8d) 22 5/16d —1/16
Forward (22 1/16d) 22 1/16d Nil

LONDON GOLD

London : August 1.

Gold Bars Fine per Ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London : August 1.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16
London on Kobe (1-2 11/16 to 1-3 3/16) 1-2 11/16 to 1-3 3/16

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay : August 1.

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London : August 1.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : August 1.

The London Stock Exchange was quietly steady.

INDIAN LOANS

London : August 1.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 3/4) £72 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 1/4) £100 1/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 5/8) £99 3/4
New War Loan (£100 1/2) £100 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110) £110

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (9-0) 9-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (33-0) 33-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-10 1/2) 6-0
Princhin Johnson (15-6) 15-0
Imperial Chemicals (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (53-1 1/2) 53-1½
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£36 1/2) £37 1/2
Dundee Rubber (26-9) 26-9
Unilever Ordinary (19-3) 19-3
Ford Motors (15-3) 15-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£39) £39
British American Tobacco Ordinary (73-1 1/2) 73-9
Carreas 'A' (£4 1/8) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (89-4 1/2) 90-0
P and O Def (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (55-6) 55-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-10 1/2) 4-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-6) 26-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (26-3) 26-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-10½) 12-10½
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-9) 13-9
Donaro Tea (26-3) 25-0
Empire of India (17-6) 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-3) 15-6
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (23-6) 23-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-6) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5) £5
East Rand Properties (33-1 1/2) 32-6
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £12 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (51-3) 51-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (58-9) 63-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-7 1/2) 21-10 1/2
Anglo India (28-9) 28-9
Burma Oil (41-10 1/2) 42-6
Mexican Eagle (3-6) 3-10 1/2
Shell Transport (33-1 1/2) 33-9
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/2) £28
London Midland Ordinary (£12 1/4) £12
London North Eastern Def (£1 3/8) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£10 1/4) £10
London Transport 5 per cent (£114) £114½
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

NO DISOBEDIENCE WHEN IN ARMY

Tara Singh's Call To Sikhs In Military Service

AMRITSAR, July 31.

Master Tara Singh, President of the S. G. P. C., has issued the following statement:

"I am alarmed to hear that some Sikh soldiers have disobeyed their officers for reasons unknown. I, therefore, wish to say that if any Sikh soldier has done so he has been greatly misguided.

Neither the Shiromani Akali Dal nor the Congress has so far decided upon Civil Disobedience and even when they do so, the military will, of course, be excluded from the operation of such disobedience. Even during days of the Akali agitation, when the Sikhs carried on Civil Disobedience on a large scale, the S. G. P. C. repeatedly reminded Sikh soldiers in the army to refrain from participating in Civil Disobedience. I on behalf of the Sikh Pant take this opportunity to advise every Sikh soldier in the army not to invite useless suffering but to carry on his duties according to his pledge of service. This is the only way of maintaining our position in an uncertain future".—A. P.

SCHOOL MURDER CASE

MUSSOORIE, July 31.

Six prosecution witnesses were examined yesterday, when St. Fidelis School Murder Case came up for hearing in the court of Mr. P. F. Barrett, Sub-divisional Magistrate.

J. N. Beharaman, student, stated that Homi and Bankwala (deceased) were his class fellows. Homi K. Gandhi was a supporter of J. Barron, former teacher in the school, and his relations with Bankwala were not at all cordial. The witness mentioned a strike in the school in which Homi took part and said that Bankwala and himself kept themselves aloof from the agitation.

Mr. Clarke, Reserve Inspector, stated that he found Bankwala in unconscious condition when on hearing of the incident he proceeded to the scene and even later in the St. Mary's Hospital, the boy did not regain consciousness. His dying declaration could not be recorded.—A. P.

Rain-fatalities At Dalhousie

AMRITSAR, July 31.

Dalhousie had over nine inches of rainfall on the 29th instant as a result of which there were some house collapses and casualties, according to information received here. Of three persons killed two were victims of lightning.—A. P.

MAINTENANCE SUIT AGAINST NABHA

Maharaja Gurucharan Singh of Nabha now at Kodaikanal wires on July 31 as follows:—

One Musammat Ishar Kaur under the name of Rani Rajendra Kaur filed a maintenance suit against me in Dehra Dun, sub-court for Rs. 42,200 I contested the suit and denied the marriage. The sub-court has passed a decree for Rs. 42,200 against me. "The Prince" an English weekly of Lahore has published the news under the big head lines "Romance of a Maharaja." On the other hand, "The Riyasat" the illustrated Urdu weekly of Delhi commenting on the result of the case says that it will have no effect on the persons, who know the true facts. I only wish to say that this is not the end of the matter. I am filing an appeal against the order of the subjudge of Dehra Dun.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

More Export Permits

Bombay, Aug 1

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report :—

Once more we have had a week of very small trading and equally small fluctuations in the American markets. Speculators are particularly inactive. It must be admitted that there appears to be little that these operators can go for at the present time. After several weeks of unfavourable weather in many parts of the Cotton Belt, conditions have been somewhat more favourable during the past fortnight. It would be a curious summer which did not provide some good weather. The market is now getting prepared for the first official guess as to the size of this year's American crop. The first private forecast was received yesterday and gave a figure of just over 11 millions. A crop of anything less than was produced last season should keep prices steady as it is believed that there will be large consumption in America during the coming season. During the last month or two there has been the usual seasonal decline in such consumption. This is not surprising with forward months quoted at discounts. Industrial activity generally in America is increasing and with the large Defence programme being developed in America, cotton consumption should be soon again on the upgrade. During next season internal consumption will be of more importance than exports, for the latter must be small whatever the price level.

The Bombay market has been somewhat erratic during the past week. Just when prices looked like going to a new high level for the recent recovery, news was received of the arrest in Japan of several prominent British subjects living in that country. This brought out profit-taking and also caused a falling off in the spot demand. On the other hand there have been more export permits available for the Far East. In addition it is reported that during the next month or so there will be a more plentiful supply of freight space. Port stocks therefore are showing a welcome decline.

Reports from the local cloth market have been somewhat improved and more business has been reported than for a long time. Prices are not yet very satisfactory but a slow return to confidence in values is in evidence.

The poorer demand in the spot market has resulted in a widening of the quotations for old and new Broach, but this movement is probably only temporary as Oomra cotton is now relatively expensive as compared with Broach, which should result in an increased demand for Broach cotton.

The monsoon continues very active in most parts of the country. Actually too much rain is being received in many places, particularly in some Oomra districts. A break with good sunshine is now urgently needed.

3,500 TONS OF SUGAR IMPORTS FROM JAVA

SIMLA, Aug. 1.

Java sugar interests have voluntarily agreed to restrict sugar exports to India to 3,500 tons during the current financial year.

The Government of India have agreed not to enhance the protective duty on Java sugar or impose other restrictions on imports during the same period.—United Press.

Growing Flax In Bengal & Bihar: Government Of India's Decision

A scheme for growing flax in India estimated to cost Rs. 4,50,000 has been approved by the Government of India. About 1,200 acres will be sown shortly in Bihar and Bengal, which have been selected for the experiment. The seed purchased in Holland has arrived in Calcutta and if germination tests are satisfactory, the necessary machinery will be ordered. The scheme includes guarantees to cultivators designed to discount the risks attendant on the growing of a new and unfamiliar crop.

Experiments on the cultivation of flax in India have been in progress for some years in Bihar, Bengal and the Punjab. These experiments have already shown that there is immense scope for the cultivation of flax in in this country.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay : August 1.

Lionel Edward's American s s Excellency of 3667 reg tons, Capt J V Redmond arrived from Norfolk with passengers and general cargo.

IMPORTS

Bombay : August 1.

2400 bags copra, 1502 bags cocoanuts, 1250 bags cotton seeds, 100 bgs pepper, 40 bags old scrap steel, 365 bdls coir yarn, 186 bdls coir rope, 1033 bdls chip cardboard, 1395 bdls steel sheets, 312 bdls galvd pipe, 1233 bdls steel pipe, 1469 bdls news print paper, 113247 bdls and pcs teakwood, 186 pcs M S sheets, 1034 pcs steel pipes, 930 loose rubber pneum tyres and tubes, 336 loose loose springs, 98 lengths galvd pipe, 317 bars pig lead, 92 pkgs cause, soups and juice, 200 pkgs auto parts, 63 pkgs Nitric acid plank parts, 37 rolls wood pulp boards, 104 tins rubber latex, 30 ctns envelopes, 300 D/Johns Acetic acid, 64 H/chests tea, 107 c/s coffee, 435 c/s Flit (Insecticide), 81 c/s Carboys empty glass, 300 c/s safety matches, 247 c/s cotton web equipment, 399 drums Glucose, 2312 dms Asphalt, 144 bls old clothing, 112 bls old newspaper.

EXPORTS

Bombay : August 1.

27 bls cotton towels Hurbertsons Ltd; 87 bls cotton pcegoods Hurbertsons Ltd; 1100 tins grdnut oil The Hindustan Vanaspati Mfg Co Ltd; 18 bags fish maws R Dhanji and Co; 46 bls cotton grey yarn The B'bay Co Ltd; 67 bls cotton pcegoods B Balwant and Co; 25 bls raw cotton G K Kaisha, Ltd; 280 bags talcum powder D Abraham and Sons; 264 bls cotton waste L O Vora; 17 bls cotton pcegoods Chinoobhai Bros; 280 bags talcum powder B Jani and Sons; 25 bls cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 50 bls cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros; 100 bls raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 2500 bls raw cotton Japan Trading Co Ltd; 300 bls raw cotton Suleman and Co Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 100 bls raw cotton C Jethabhai and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Nissho Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 300 bls raw cotton R Kanji and Co; 200 bls raw cotton M S Kaisha Ltd; 7 bags shark fins R Dhanji and Co; 100 bls raw cotton L O Vora; 400 bls raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 13 c/s grdnut oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 79 bls raw cotton The Patel Cotton Co Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 100 bls raw cotton G Dossa and Co; 100 bls raw cotton R P Puria and Co; 200 bls raw cotton C Jethabhai and Co; 200 bls raw cotton Nissho Co Ltd; 191 bls cotton pcegoods Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 25 bls cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co 15 bls cotton twist waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 14 bls cotton pcegoods G N Muzgy; 46 bls cotton pcegoods David Sassoon and Co Ltd; 28 bls cotton pcegoods W H Brady and Co Ltd; 100 bls cotton waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 50 c/s cotton grey yarn Manekji and Co.

RAINY WEATHER FOR ANOTHER DAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The monsoon conditions which set in a few days ago will, according to weather experts, continue for another day or two.

In the early hours of this morning, the city experienced heavy showers accompanied by strong wind. The sky is still overcast with clouds.

The total rainfall since June 1, is 51.91 inches, as recorded at Colaba, being 8.78 inches above normal.

The maximum temperature is 84.3 degrees, being 0.6 degree below normal while the minimum is 75.3 degrees being 0.8 below normal.

The following are the rainfall figures:—

	Rainfall reading of the day (inches)	Total since June 1 (inches).
Colaba	0.9	51.91
St. George's Hospital	1.00	56.68
J. J. Hospital	0.84	59.14
Matunga	0.93	55.50

RAIN IN DHOLPUR

Dholpur, July 28

The prolonged drought which occasioned anxiety among the agriculturists of the State was broken to-day when nearly 5 inches of rain fell in Dholpur inundating low lying areas.—A. P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 1-8-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.89 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.70 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Weather Report

POONA : August 1.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to day :—

STATIONS	Temperatures Maximum	Temperatures Minimum	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Rainfall Total since June 1	Rainfall Departure from normal
Chittagong	85	76	0.1	40.4	−3.4
Calcutta	91	78	0.6	18.9	−6.8
Cuttack	90	77	0.3	38.7	+16.5
Ranchi	85	73	0.1	25.2	+0.3
Patna	89	76	0.3	16.1	−4.4
Gorakhpur	88	80	0.0	12.8	−8.6
Benares	86	78	T	14.9	−1.9
Allahabad	88	77	1.0	8.5	.....
Cawnpore	91	79	T	7.2	−7.0
Lucknow	91	76	4.1	13.5	−2.7
Jhansi	84	76	0.0	13.8	−2.5
Agra	87	78	0.4	5.0	−6.8
Bareilly	91	76	1.0	2.5	+6.9
Dehra Dun	83	74	0.1	33.9	−1.6
Delhi	86	77	0.3	9.3	−1.5
Ambala	84	78	0.1	17.6	+6.1
Ludhiana	82	78	T	13.1	+2.1
Lahore	95	79	0.0	4.3	−3.0
Sialkot	91	77	0.0	12.6	+2.0
Rawalpindi	93	74	0.1	11.2	+1.1
Multan	103	82	0.0	1.9	−0.9
Srinagar	89	67	0.0	3.9	+0.1
Peshawar	97	78	0.0	1.3	−0.4
Dehra I. Khan	100	81	0.0	2.3	−0.7
Rangoon	85	74	0.5	45.7	+5.7
Khandwa	85	73	0.0	23.1	+8.5
Jubbulpore	84	75	T	26.7	+0.9
Nagpur	87	75	0.0	41.8	+18.5
BOMBAY	84	75	0.9	51.9	+8.8
Ratnagiri	85	76	0.3	58.8	−3.7
Ahmednagar	83	71	0.0	11.7	+3.1
Poona	79	71	0.2	8.7	−3.2
Sholapur	93	71	0.0	5.5	−3.7
Hyderabad (Dn.)	89	72	0.1	10.9	−0.2
Bangalore	83	66	0.2	6.5	−0.7
Mysore	80	66	0.0	8.3	+2.6
Calicut	76	72	2.5	74.7	+9.7
Madras	95	77	T	5.1	−0.9
Shillong	75	63	T	26.6	−4.5
Darjeeling	68	59	0.1	52.7	−8.1
Simla	63	59	1.5	52.7	−8.1
Pachmarhi	75	67	0.1	48.9	+14.7
Kodaikanal	64	53	0.7	10.1	+0.9
Colombo	85	77	0.0	11.1	−2.1
Hyderabad (Sd.)	99	82	0.0	1.6	−1.8
Karachi	87	80	0.1	2.5	−1.3
Jaipur	80	75	1.0	10.7	+0.1
Ajmer	78	73	1.4	10.0	+0.8
Deesa	83	78	0.1	11.0	−0.5
Rajkot	87	75	2.3	11.3	−4.2
Ahmedabad	89	77	0.2	9.1	−5.8
Bhopal	84	73	0.1	27.1	.....
Akola	87	77	0.1	23.7	+8.7
Amraoti	85	73	0.0	25.8	+10.2
Indore	81	73	0.1	24.5	+8.7
Marmagoa	84	75	0.1	58.3	.....
Malegaon	88	73	0.0	6.5	−2.8
Mussoorie	66	59	1.3	48.5	+15.0
Mahableshwar	65	62	1.7	142.5	−12.5
Baroda	86	77	0.5	11.7	.....
Bahawalpur	101	82	0.0	2.3	−0.5
Belgaum	77	68	0.2	30.3	+5.5
Murree	73	58	0.4	21.7	+8.5
Cherrapunji	71	56	1.2	158.4	−38.6
Bijapur	89	69	0.0	4.4	−1.2
Dalhousie	70	61	2.3	31.2	+1.9
Mount Abu	69	66	1.8	15.1	−12.2
Ootacamund	63	52	0.1	18.2	−0.4
Jodhpur	80	77	0.4	5.7	+0.4
Gwalior	87	79	0.1	4.3	.....

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A. P.

Monsoon Active Throughout Country

POONA, Aug 1

The monsoon has been active in Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, West United Provinces, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar. Local rain occurred in east United Provinces, Berar, east Central Provinces, east and north Punjab and Bombay Deccan.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 1-8-1940.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.029 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.3 degrees 0.6 below normal

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.3 degrees 0.8 below normal

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 91 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 24 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 223 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 38 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rainfall in 24 hours 6.90 inches

Total rainfall during the month 0.90 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 53.30 inches

Weather remarks : Rain

Odol
MOUTHWASH
Odol Mouthwash—a few drops in a half tumbler of water will keep the whole mouth clean, refreshed and healthy. Owing to the War it is no longer put up in the famous white opal flask. Odol Mouthwash, exactly the same quality and quantity, is
★ NOW SOLD IN GLASS FLASKS AS FEATURED
See that each bottle of ODOL MOUTHWASH bears the genuine ODOL LABEL.
Odol
Large Size
OM.18

ANCHORS AWEIGH FOR THEIR FUNNIEST COMEDY HIT!
Commodore Stan and Admiral Babe take you on a rolling ocean of laughs where your cares will be scuttled to the bottom of the sea!
Hal Roach presents
STAN LAUREL & OLIVER HARDY in "SAPS AT SEA"
Directed by GORDON DOUGLAS
Released thru UNITED ARTISTS
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED

Supreme for

HEALTH, STRENGTH & VITALITY

BODILY vigour and mental alertness are as necessary to success in everyday life as in the field of sport and athletics.

Leading athletes all over the world constantly testify to the great benefit they have derived from "Ovaltine" in building up vitality and stamina—but more important still are those countless thousands of people, engaged in the ordinary daily tasks of life, who regularly rely upon "Ovaltine" to build up and maintain vigour of body and alertness of mind.

For "Ovaltine" supplies complete and perfect nourishment to ensure the health of body, brain and nerves. A cup of delicious "Ovaltine" in the morning invigorates and sustains, while taken just before going to bed, "Ovaltine" gives sound, restful, fully restorative sleep.

Prepared from the highest qualities of ripe barley malt and fresh, creamy cow's milk, plus valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins, "Ovaltine" is the supreme beverage for health. Unlike imitations, "Ovaltine" does not contain any cheap ingredients to give bulk and lower cost of manufacture. "Ovaltine" definitely stands in a class by itself—nothing can compare with it for quality, value and flavour. Reject substitutes.

Drink Delicious

OVALTINE

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"OVALTINE" BISCUITS. The same high standards that have made "Ovaltine" supreme, have now been applied to the production of "OVALTINE" Biscuits. Delicious, digestive and nourishing, they are the daintiest for all occasions and the fact that they contain "Ovaltine" gives them special value. Order some to-day. You will enjoy these really delightful biscuits. Sold in 4 oz. and 8 oz. packets, and 1 lb. tins.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores

Distributors: Messrs. GRAHAMS TRADING CO., (India) LTD., 16, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

Also at Calcutta, Madras and Karachi.

OE/8/39

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 14, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 27, 1359
Parsi: Aspandarmad 2, 1309
Hightide: 11-08; 22-50
Lowtide: 4-20; 17-12
Sunrise: 6h. 15m.
Sunset: 7h. 13m
Haj Committee: 5-30 p.m. at Port Haj Committee office.

BOMBAY ENGINEERING CONGRESS

Lecture on "Structural Defence" by Mr. K. M. Khareghat, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m., Conference Hall, Electric House. Open to the public.

YOUTH LODGE PUBLIC LECTURE

Prof. Shastri of Mysore will speak on "Predictive Numerology" to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay.

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE

The 54th anniversary of the Bombay Veterinary College will be held in the College premises to-day (Friday) at 3-30 p.m.

A. R. P. AT SANTA CRUZ

A course of lectures on First Aid will commence at the Anandilal Podar High School Hall, Santa Cruz, at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Friday). Dr. S. N. Navalkar will take the class.

CITY FATHERS' ROUNDS

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 5 will meet near Round Temple to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-45 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time. In the event of there being heavy rains, the visit may be postponed.

MOTORISED CIVIC GUARDS

A Press Note issued by the Western India Automobile Association states that arrangements for bringing into operation the motorised unit of the Civic Guards are nearing completion. The medical examination of applicants has taken place and those found suitable have been asked to meet the Adjutant of the Civic Guards at the W.I.A.A. Headquarters at 7 p.m. on Monday, the 5th August. Those motorists who are interested in the scheme and are willing to enrol themselves in the motorised unit may also attend the meeting.

Amusements Of The Day

MAJESTIC—"Anuradha" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Saps At Sea" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"If I Had My Way" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Spawn of the North" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"For Freedom" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Devil's Brother" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Aj-Ki-Dunia". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapandav". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Civil Marriage." Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

BYCULLA DISTRICT CONGRESS

The Hon. Secretary, B.D.C.C. writes:—
The Managing Council of the Committee has passed the following resolutions:—
"That this Committee recommends to the Municipal Congress Party that Laibadevi Road should be named as Babu Genu Road as a mark of city's appreciation of the martyr's sacrifice made by him in the last Civil Disobedience movement on the very Road."
"That in the opinion of the District Council, the Prohibition introduced by the Congress Ministry during their term of office should be continued and that the Byculla District Congress Committee should completely co-operate with the programme for the Prohibition Committee constituted by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

KANARA VIDYADAINI FREE NIGHT SCHOOL

(From A Correspondent)
A meeting of the Teachers' Board of the above School was held on last Sunday when Mr. V. S. Uliargoli, Mr. U. P. Kunder, Mr. S. R. Anchan and Mr. S. N. Shetty were elected as Headmaster, Asstt. Headmaster, Hon. Secretary and Manager respectively for the year 1940 and 1941.

DR. R. ROW'S DONATION TO SINGHANEE HOSPITAL

The Singhanee Trustees announce that they have received from Dr. R. Row, M.D. (Lond.) D.Sc. (Lond.), the Hon. Director and Consulting Physician of P. G. Singhanee Hospital, a donation of Rs. 50,000 in shares of well-known joint-stock companies in Bombay. The income of this donation is to be utilized in the endowment of free beds in the Hospital, in loving memory of his brother the late lamented Dr. Narsing Row, with preference to the members of the Saraswat community. This is in addition to Dr. R. Row's gift of the major part of the equipment to the Clinical Pathology Department of the P. G. Singhance Hospital.

Precious Stones On City Idol Disappear

A daring theft from a Jain temple near Charni Road was committed on Tuesday night. The burglars climbed the temple wall and removed precious stones valued at Rs. 1,300 from the idol.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Mr. S. G. Chitale will lecture on "Civil Wrongs" on Tuesdays instead of Mondays, and will begin his classes in Civil Wrongs on Tuesday, August 6, at 6-30 p.m. in the University, South Wing. A definite announcement about the Hindustani classes in Devanagari script will be made next week.
The classes for to-day (Friday) will meet as usual.

LATE SIR TEMULJI B. NARIMAN

The Managing Council of the Ophthalmological Society of Bombay places on record the loss sustained by the Medical Profession by the death of Sir Temulji B. Nariman, the Grand Old Man of the profession and offers their heartfelt condolences and sympathies with the members of the family in their sad bereavement.

CENTRAL BANK STAFF FOOTBALL CLUB

The following members of the Central Bank Football Club have been unanimously elected as office-bearers for the year 1940-41:
Mr. K. L. Kangen (President); Mr. G. D. Karkera (Vice-President); Mr. L. K. Suvarna and Mr. G. S. Shriyan (Jt. Hony. Secretaries); Mr. P. P. Salian (Hon. Treasurer); Mr. S. G. Thakur (Chief Captain); Mr. R. D. Shetty (Vice-Captain); Mr. G. A. Kunder, Mr. R. S. Puthran, Mr. L. A. Salian and Mr. M. A. Salian (Committee members).

VICEROY'S POONA AND BOMBAY PROGRAMME

According to a Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary the Marquis of Linlithgow, the Viceroy of India, accompanied by the Marchioness of Linlithgow, will arrive at Kirkee on Tuesday, August 6. His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by His Excellency the Governor will proceed to Bombay on Sunday, August 11, and will return to Kirkee from Bombay on Wednesday, August 14.
His Excellency, accompanied by Her Excellency the Marchioness of Linlithgow, will leave Kirkee on Thursday, August 15.
His Excellency the Governor and Lady Lumley will be present to receive Their Excellencies on August 6 and also to see Their Excellencies off on August 15.
The Viceroy accompanied by His Excellency the Governor, will arrive in Bombay at the Victoria Terminus Station on Sunday, August 11. His Excellency's arrival will be private.
The Viceroy accompanied by the Governor will leave Bombay on Wednesday, Aug. 14, from the Victoria Terminus Station. His Excellency's departure will be private.

Civil Appointments

Mr. G. V. Vaidya to officiate as District Deputy Collector, Bijapur.
Mr. V. L. da Cunha to continue to officiate as Assistant Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
Mr. A. G. Rajadhyaksha, on completion of his training, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation, Ahmedabad.
Mr. N. Rama Iyer, on completion of his training, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation, Belgaum.
Mr. P. Stafford, on completion of his training, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation, Satara.
Mr. D. H. Heale, on completion of his training, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation, Ahmednagar.
Mr. J. H. Dave to be Oriental Translator to Government from the 1st August 1940.
Lady Beaumont, Lady Hirabai Cowasji Jehangir, M.B.E., Lady Tarabai Chunilal Mehta, Mrs. Bhikubai Chandulal Jalundhwala and Mrs. Dina B. Khandalavala are appointed Honorary Presidency Magistrates.

Well Thrown Open To Poona Harijans

POONA: July 31.
A public well in the compound of a school building at Mundhava, a village about five miles away in the outskirts of Poona, was thrown open to Harijans to-day.
A party of the members of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, Poona, went from Poona to Mundhava this evening and Mrs. Laxmibai Thuse, M.L.A. (Congress), with three Harijan boys drew the first bucket of water from the well.
Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, Mr. Keshavrao Jadhe and Mr. B. M. Gupte addressed the gathering on the occasion. "Bande Mataram" was sung at the conclusion of the function —United Press.

A. I. C. C. DECISIONS AT POONA

"Definite Departure From Ramgarh Resolution," Says Dr. Ashraf

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 31.
"The A.I.C.C. decisions at Poona constitute, in my view, a surrender to British Imperialism and a definite departure from The Ramgarh Resolution. It behoves you, young friends, at this critical stage through which our country is passing, to study seriously the situation and do whatever you can to stem the rot" with these words Dr. Ashraf, member of the A.I.C.C. concluded last night his address to the students of Thana he delivered on the "Present Political situation."
After dwelling on the vicissitudes the Congress had passed through during the last twenty years, the speaker criticized the recent tendencies of the Congress and opined that the great political organization has abdicated its position of 1920, by giving the go-by to mass action. It is a matter of gratification that with the Poona decisions the Congress has grown more realistic in its approach towards the various problems facing it.

ENGLISH IN MUNICIPAL GIRLS SCHOOLS

Teaching To Be Re-introduced

The Schools Committee at its meeting on Wednesday adopted a resolution re-introducing English teaching in Municipal Girls Schools where it was being taught before from the Vernacular IVth Standard onwards.
It might be recalled English teaching was discontinued last year in the lower standards of the Municipal Girls Schools.
Mr. Ganpati Shankar moved that English-teaching be re-introduced in such of the Schools where it was being taught before. Mrs. Kantaben Khandwala moved an amendment that the teaching should begin from the Vernacular IVth Standard which was adopted.
The amended resolution was accepted by the Schools Committee.
An amendment of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar that the English-teaching should be re-introduced only in upper-Secondary and Central Schools was lost.

WHO SHOULD REMOVE WRECKAGE OF SEAPLANE

KARACHI, August 1.
As a result of correspondence between the Government of India and the Karachi Port Trust on the subject of removal of wreckage of seaplanes within the limits of Karachi harbour, the Central Government has agreed that the definition of the term "vessel" in the Indian Ports Act 1908 includes seaplanes and state that Sec. 14 (1) of the Act applies, therefore, to wreckage of seaplanes within Port limits.
The Central Government have suggested to the Board of Karachi Port Trust to exercise their powers under Sec. 14 (1) of the Indian Ports Act 1908 only in consultation with the Aircraft Inspector, Karachi, when a seaplane is wrecked in Port limits. Meanwhile they are making provisions by statute for the manner in which wreckage of seaplanes within port limits should be dealt with.—A. P.

RAILWAYMEN DEMAND CONCILIATION BOARD.

BOMBAY, July 31.
An application for the appointment of a Board of Conciliation on the question of dearness allowance for railway workers all over India was made to the Government of India by the All-India Railwaymen's Federation early in April last. In view of the delay in disposing of that application, the General Council of the Railwaymen's Federation met in Bombay on Thursday under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta to consider the position.
The Council, after discussion, adopted a resolution urging upon the Government of India the necessity of expediting the appointment of the Conciliation Board.—United Press.

FOR REMOVAL OF HOLWELL MONUMENT

Permission Of Central Govt. Sought

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1.
The Government of Bengal, it is reliably learnt, are now in correspondence with the Government of India with regard to the question of removal of the Holwell Monument from its present site in Dalhousie Square corner. They have sent a representation to the Central Government asking permission for its removal.
The permission, it is stated, is necessary because, according to the ancient Monuments Preservation Act, everything concerning monuments or memorials is beyond the scope of a provincial Government.
After the necessary permission is obtained, this Government will have to find out a suitable place to which the monument can be removed and it is most likely that one of the European Cemeteries in the city or suburbs will be selected for the purpose.—A. P.

Aney Addresses B. H. U. Students

BENARES, August 1.
Mr. M. S. Aney who stayed with Pandit Madan Mohan Malavia left this morning for Nagpur by the Bombay Mail. Mr. M. S. Aney addressed the Benares Hindu University students last evening paying eloquent tributes to the unique services of late Lok. Tilak.—A. P.

FLOODS IN ALMORA.

ALMORA, Aug. 1.
Three women are reported to have been swept away by the flood in the Kosi river following incessant rains. The body of one woman has been recovered while the other two have not yet been traced. Considerable damage to crops has also been reported.—A. P.

THE MIRACLE TONIC COMES TO INDIA...

MILLIONS who know its benefit RECOMMEND THIS WONDERFUL TONIC TO You!

At least once a year EVERYBODY WITHOUT EXCEPTION needs a tonic if he is to enjoy life fully and achieve success. Under the strain and worry of modern life your nervous and digestive systems need more than Nature to fortify them against the unnatural stresses they have to bear—they need SCIENCE. Without the aid of a scientific tonic, your vital nerve power, physical energy and mental alertness are quickly weakened by Worry, Overwork, and the strain of a trying climate. IRRITABILITY, NERVINESS, FATIGUE, INSOMNIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, GENERAL WEAKNESS, AND A SENSE OF AGE, are the results.

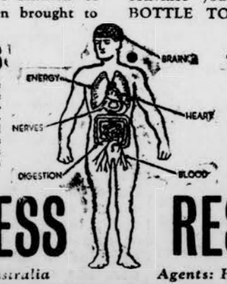
Vast scientific knowledge has gone into the study of the quickest, surest and easiest way to combat these conditions which endanger your whole prosperity and happiness. The outcome is ELLIOTTS NERVE AND BRAIN TONIC, which has already earned the everlasting thanks of millions of sufferers in Australia. Elliotts Tonic has been brought to you despite War and shipping difficulties and has won immediate, spontaneous and unsolicited praise in India. THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NOTHING TO EQUAL IT FOR BANISHING DESPONDENCY AND DEPRESSION, FOR GIVING COMPLETE HEALTH AND VIGOUR TO BODY AND BRAIN.

This tonic combination of vital mineral salts—Potassium, Calcium, Sodium, Phosphates, Iron, and other valuable constituents—is prepared by Australia's greatest pharmaceutical organization to an exact formula under the control of highly qualified technicians and scientists, with the approval of high medical authority. It is the SUPREME REVIVER.

If you suffer from listlessness, depression, worry, loss of strength and vital energy, or a general feeling of being "run down", *start taking Elliotts Tonic*—the results will convince you as they have millions of others. GET A BOTTLE TODAY!

THE EFFECT ON YOUR NERVES

Nerves are made up of millions of tiny cells, and the action of daily work and worry destroys them in huge numbers. During the night, while we sleep, Nature rebuilds the loss—providing we are in good health. If, however, we are run-down, tortured by anxiety, or weakened by over-strain, Nature cannot rebuild the nerve cells without help. This is the moment when you need Elliotts Tonic. Elliotts Tonic furnishes the scientific food which gives back health and strength to your nerves.



THE EFFECT ON YOUR BLOOD

The blood which moves through the network of arteries in your body and brain is crowded with red corpuscles which need iron to enable them to transport oxygen. Fatigue and depression — so common in these worrying times — are signs that your red corpuscles have an insufficient supply of iron. Elliotts Tonic supplies this deficiency of iron. After a few doses, your red corpuscles become fully active again and your old energy comes back.

VIGOUR & HAPPINESS RESTORED AT ONCE

Made by Elliotts & Australian Drug Pty. Ltd., Australia

Agents: Hill, Elliott & Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 760, Bombay.

IMMEDIATE PRAISE FROM USERS IN INDIA—READ WHAT THEY SAY!

NEW STRENGTH & COURAGE

"In all my experience I never had a greater surprise and joy than when I took Elliotts Tonic one week ago. From being a wreck of nerves your Nerve and Brain Tonic has in one week made me feel 10 years younger and able to struggle with the pressing problem of business manfully. These are harassing times for business men, but with your tonic to strengthen my failing body and courage, nothing now seems difficult. It is a marvellous prescription. I gratefully thank you for my new-found health." F. R.

WHOLE BEING REVITALIZED

"My age is 42 only—but for some time now I am experiencing the symptoms of old age too early. Your wonderful tonic has at once had magical effect. My system is revitalized like never before and to live now is a PLEASURE. I can say that your Elliotts Tonic has given me rich appetite where before I was listless about food and everything. My strength has come back manyfold. In my office and my home life I am the grateful gainer. May Elliotts Tonic everywhere enjoy wonderful success, as it does with me." M. Y. B.

RHEUMATISM BANISHED

"Since three years I have suffered from acute rheumatism and sometimes have been unable to move about the house owing to excessive pains in my joints. I have spent money on all sorts of remedies but could find nothing to give relief until I took your Elliotts Tonic. After one bottle my circulation of blood is much improved and my fingers and toes which all along were stiff have become soft and supple and can be moved more freely. No medicine has done me so much good as Elliotts Tonic."

ELLIOTTS NERVE AND BRAIN TONIC

Telephone No. 22691
Post Box 322.
Telegrams: "Chronicle."
Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1940.

TILAK ANNIVERSARY

The thousands who thronged at the various functions organized on Thursday in connection with 20th death anniversary of Lokamanya Tilak in spite of frequent heavy showers testify to the affection with which they cherish his memory. They have reason to do so. For no man in recent times has served his country with greater patriotism than did the Lokamanya at a time when patriotism was attended with risks at every turn. He more than anybody else of his time made the common people of the country conscious of their political rights by his ceaseless activity whenever he was out of prison and by his potent unforgettable 'mantra' "Swaraj is my birthright and I will have it". He more than anybody else of his time made the Congress representative of the people, and this legacy which he left behind him, enabled his successor, Gandhiji, to work wonders in a few years and to inaugurate a new policy of Non-violent Non-co-operation.

Non-Co-operation

This policy, inaugurated virtually on the 1st of August 1920, still holds the field in the struggle for Swaraj despite a ceaseless campaign of misrepresentation which has still not ended. Some of Tilak's narrow-minded followers have always contrasted Gandhiji's non-co-operation with what they called the "responsive co-operation" of the Lokamanya. It is futile to contrast such phrases. There can never be undiluted or permanent co-operation or non-co-operation. Both co-operation and non-co-operation must depend upon circumstances and to that extent must be responsive. At any particular stage the attitude is one of co-operation or non-co-operation according as the one or the other predominates. At present all the important political bodies are non-co-operating with Government. And non-co-operation with British Government must be the rule until India achieves complete freedom except when she can co-operate on her own terms. All important political parties have stated their terms for co-operation with Government. Though the terms are different, those bodies who have demanded complete freedom can achieve it more easily if they co-operate among themselves.

Go Forward

As regards the non-violence in Gandhian non-co-operation, merely because the Congress has refrained from extending its scope, some of its critics who style themselves the chosen followers of Tilak are misrepresenting the decision as virtual abandonment of non-violence. The Congress decision is there for all to see and judge for themselves. If any Congressman, through misunderstanding or otherwise, tamper with non-violence in the struggle for freedom, they will promptly realise their error and have to set it right. At the anniversary meeting on the Azad maidan and at several others the Congress President emphasized the point that non-violence must continue to remain the sheet-anchor of the Congress in the struggle for freedom and that any step backward would be suicidal. Indeed, he went further and suggested that every attempt must be made to extend its scope, provided that every step forward in that direction must be taken after the people had demonstrated their fitness and readiness for it. This is now self-evident and there need be no controversy about it. It is time we directed all our attention to the task of preparing for the next phase of the struggle which, the indifferent attitude of Britain may make inevitable in the near future. This phase may mean tremendous sacrifices. But we must be prepared for them if we would carry on the life-work of the Lokamanya to its logical conclusion. It will no longer do merely to mouth the slogan "Swaraj is my Birthright and I will have it." The time has come when we must go forward and have it.

No Invasion?

An interesting statement is reported to have been issued by the official German News Agency regarding the Nazi offensive against Britain. "The war", says the statement, "against England is necessarily waged on different lines from war against France, where an army of 1,000,000 men was employed. The method now used against England admits of the use of a limited number of men only", that is, crews of submarines, motor speed boats and planes. This means that only the present tactics will be persisted in and that the plan of a large scale invasion of Britain has been given up. This announcement may well have been designed in the nature of an attempt to delude the British into complacency and then spring a surprise. The British, of course, will not be taken in. If, then, it is a truthful statement, what is the purpose of the troop movements recently reported by American correspondents? Is Herr Hitler preparing to march through Spain or is he also preparing to defend his Eastern Front?

Late Sir T. B. Nariman

The death of Sir Temulji B. Nariman on Thursday morning removes a notable figure from the public life of Bombay and from the medical profession in particular. Sir Timulji, who was 92 years old at the time of his death, was perhaps the oldest practising physician in India. Numerous are the medical institutions which he helped to found or with which he was otherwise connected. For many years he represented the medical profession in the University, and was President of the Bombay Medical Union and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, both which institutions he had helped to found. Though he was for several years a member of the Municipal Corporation and the Bombay Legislative Council, he excelled most in the medical sphere where he won wide recognition and where his record of work will long be remembered. Unforgettable, indeed, was his devoted service of the public in the first plague epidemic at great risk to his own life. The spirit of service was so strong in him that even a few days before his death he is said to have attended to patients with the devotion of a friend or relation. He leaves a great example for all doctors to follow.

Fighting For Freedom

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

LONDON, (Delayed in transmission).

The high honour has come to us that Mr. Churchill foretold: we are fighting for freedom alone. There is nothing to discuss. This nation does not hesitate: it will give its all to defend the land it loves and the liberty that is the breath of its life. It has no choice, for this enemy, who knows neither moderation nor mercy, has nothing to offer us but slavery.

Our comrades, the French, have gone under, and we must learn the lesson of their fate. They fought with the legendary bravery of their race until the hurricane of the enemy's flying guns broke their lines and swept their outnumbered armies before it like withered leaves in an autumn gale.

In a black hour, their spirited leader, M. Reynaud, fell, and a government of surrender replaced him. It gained nothing by its appeal for clemency. The inexorable legions marched on, while at home the Germans prepared themselves to enjoy all the pleasures of revenge. What Foch and Clemenceau did to them 20 years ago, they will repeat to-day. "Revenge and wrong bring forth their kind."

What terms they will dictate are not certainly known as I write, but we must expect the dismemberment and enslavement of this proud nation. It would have been better for the self-respect of France if she had been submerged without raising the white flag, nor would her material interests have suffered more severely.

What happened on that fatal Sunday, a week ago, we do not yet know in detail. The Chamber could not meet, and President Lebrun seems to have acted without a mandate. All that is certain is that the parties that represent the mass of the French nation had no share in his useless surrender: it was the work of the men of property, who had sabotaged resistance to Fascism for many a year.

Marshal Petain is the soldier who was chosen to conciliate General Franco, because he is himself as ultra-conservative and clerically-minded as the Spanish dictator. History will tell us how the more resolute ministers were overthrown: all that we know to-day is that one of them was for a time in prison.

Property in France has made its bid for a dishonourable peace, and it has won by it nothing but shame. If there are men among ourselves as poor spirited as the "Two Hundred Families" of France, they have had their lesson. This enemy spares no one, not even the corrupt and the rich.

★

There is no need to catalogue what we have lost by the defeat of our French comrades. No shadow of bitterness or blame crosses our minds as we survey the ruins of their beautiful land. They went under as much through the faults and omissions of our own former rulers as through the mistakes of their own leaders. The consequence is that the enemy will now use against us their harbours and airports, their iron-ore and their munition works, and he may have acquired their reserves of oil and gold.

Indeed, in this situation, there are all the conditions for a popular rising on the model of the Commune of 1871. Unhappily, no movement of that kind could succeed while the German occupation continues.

The prospect that now faces us is that a double war will continue —a war for the defence of this island, and, at the same time, for the maintenance of the Allied outposts in the Dominions, in Africa, and in Asia. That offers to our sea power great advantages, but it has its political dangers.

This is a struggle for freedom and survival, and not for empire. The French will have to win the wholehearted support of their Arabs, and we have still to reconcile the Indians. They are too chivalrous to take advantage of our peril, but that does not excuse us from the duty of according to them the right to determine their own future. Only by reconciling India can we prove our own fitness to survive.

★

How long must we fight alone? Probably for some months, which will be the most anxious but also the proudest moment in our history. But if I read President Roosevelt's mind correctly, he is already in intention our ally. He is mobilising the vast industrial resources of the United States to aid us, but that is not all. His appointment to Cabinet posts of two leading Republicans, Mr. Stimson and Colonel Knox, is a bold move. He is creating from both the older parties a new progressive grouping that will make an end of the tradition of isolation.

It is now more than probable that he will ask for a third term as President and that he will obtain it. In that event, we may dare to hope for more than planes and guns.

Even if America sent no army to Europe, or sent it only after a long delay, a declaration of war from Washington would transform our whole outlook. It would spell for us the sure promise of final victory, and while the church bells ring in Germany to celebrate the Nazi triumph, it would sound the knell of Hitler's empire. With the New World against him, he could not win.

★

When we survey our hopes, first of survival and then of victory, and base them on our own firm will, and American backing, there is still another possible source of help that we must not neglect.

Hardly had Sir Stafford Cripps reached Moscow, when fresh evidence appeared that Germany's successes have aroused acute alarm in Russia. That must be the explanation of the steps taken to strengthen her military control over the Baltic States. She has turned them, even more frankly than before, into dependent provinces, and with her additional troops she has sent 2,000 tanks into Lithuania.

That can only mean that she foresees in the near future a German attack, and means to ward it off. She may like us and trust us no better than she did, but she cannot in this precarious situation desire our total overthrow.

Trade negotiations are going on. What do we hope to buy from her? We ought to be bidding for all the tanks and guns and planes that she can spare for our use. Her arsenals are fuller than America's. That might, if we made haste, meet our needs before this anxious summer is over. The road to Murmansk is open. That done, we ought to secure her entire future exportable surplus of oil.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Indian Talent

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I had a gold watch by James McCabie, which was purchased by my grandfather about 1856, in London. It was presented to me in 1897 and since then I have been using it. It was a watch of very small size with key winding and hand setting at the back by a loose key, as is unusual with all such watches of that period.

Recently I wanted to turn it into a keyless wrist watch and for that purpose I sent it to England at Rotherham's factory and afterwards to Switzerland but from both these places, it was brought back stating that it could not be done.

I happened to mention this fact to the present head of Messrs. Marcks & Co., well-known watchmakers in Bombay, and he asked me to give him a trial. I willing did so and to my great surprise he turned the watch into keyless wrist watch. I was very much surprised to find that such indigenous talent existed in Bombay. I had read in history about a Parsi Watchmaker of Navasari, who had worked as a watchmaker at the court of Emperor Akbar and I had no idea that the like of him existed even to-day in Bombay. I was equally proud of the fact that he belonged to my community the Parsis.

I am writing this letter to you with the hope that our people will not think that such superior craftsmanship is non-existent in India. What European watchmakers in London and Switzerland could not do has been done by an Indian in Bombay. It only requires some encouragement to see that this superior craftsmanship is not lost. I hope a day will soon come when India will make not only its own watches and clocks, but articles requiring superior skill and craftsmanship.
—Yours, etc.,
SORAB B. DADYBURJOR.

B. B. C. News

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In view of the very great interest the listeners in India have in the B.B.C. news programmes, I should be obliged if you will publish the revised correct timings by the Indian Standard Time and the best wave-lengths to use for good reception. The timings are as under:—

5-00 A.M.—31 Metres	best wavelength to use.
6-30 A.M.—25	do.
11-45 A.M.—19	do.
1-30 P.M.—25	do.
5-00 P.M.—13 & 16	
6-30 P.M.—13 & 16	
7-40 P.M.—16 & 19	
9-30 P.M.—16 & 19	
11-30 P.M.—19	

It is a matter of very great regret that the B.B.C. news programme timings are not published from time to time by the All-India Radio authorities either through their own Magazine or over the Air or through the local papers.—Yours, etc.,
RUSSA H. MEHTA.

Dhondy's Case

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—May I be permitted to point out an error in your comments on Mr. Rustom Dhondy's case in to-day's issue of your paper?

Mr. Rustom Dhondy was not convicted under the Defence Rules as stated in the paragraph.

The prosecution admitted that the charge against him had no connection whatsoever with the Fifth Column activities. He was not charged with any breach of the Defence Rules. He was charged with and convicted of mischief inasmuch as he and some others painted Swastika on the walls of some houses and wrote "Heil Hitler" after they had attended certain bottle parties, their examination being over. I am told that Cambridge University students, after their examination is over, sometimes indulge in writing things on the walls of houses and even smashing the glasses of doors, etc. For such acts of mischief they are generally warned or fined £2 or £3 and ordered to pay £3-10-0 as costs. But in this case on account of the war the Magistrates who were Justices of the Peace (Honorary Magistrates) took a very serious view and passed a savage sentence out of all proportion to the mischief done, and have thus ruined a brilliant career.—Yours, etc.,
ERACH H. DOCTOR.

"Daughter Of Ind"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The "Daughter of Ind" acts as a soothing palliative in the

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4.)

Frankly Speaking

American Surprise Ban

Whatever may be said in explanation, it is a surprise which President Roosevelt has sprung upon the world in the shape of the latest ban on aviation petrol. This is an extension of the earlier ban, which was welcome enough in that it applied to the aggressors. But this extension works against others including Britain herself. The full implications of it cannot be judged yet, but if Britain has been importing petrol from the U. S. A. also, she must obviously suffer some inconvenience. Canada can still receive supplies, but Britain will have to go elsewhere for them, which, to say the least of it, will add to her troubles for the time being. And it is for the time being that she needs to be free from all avoidable troubles.

Confusion Continues

Commenting upon the Salzburg and Rome conversations with Balkan statesmen, a Nazi paper suggests that the development brought about "admits of no justification for the Balkan Entente". The argument is that Rumania, Hungary and Bulgaria, among whom an agreement under the Axis auspices is impending, have repudiated the Entente policy. This takes something for granted which has by no means happened. The Entente may have ceased to exist, but the prospects of an agreement are not yet quite clear. Indeed, the Transylvanians are reported to be determined, inspite of M. Gigurtu, to resist any territorial concessions. Moreover, even the present Nazi Government of Rumania does not seem to be willing to accommodate Hungary and Bulgaria, otherwise M. Manoilescu would not, after the Salzburg and Rome meetings, be offering as "the best solution", the exchange of population rather than cession of territory.

Threatening Turkey

But particularly noteworthy is the fact that the Berlin paper was addressing itself to Turkey. The Nazis have started a new offensive against her. It is a mixture of cajolery through businessmen and dark threats as given by the "Berliner Boersenzeitung." This paper virtually calls upon Turkey to accept the Axis influence because otherwise the only alternative for her is to "continue her withdrawal from Europe and make it final and definite". It sounds like a warning that Turkey will be deprived of Thrace along with Istanbul and the Dardanelles. Turkey knows how to treat Nazi threats. But the Berlin paper's hint ignores Russia and Russian interests, which lends force to the question whether the Soviet-Axis conflict has now developed into an unavoidable fact.

The Right Way

Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Aney are perfectly right in condemning communal electorates. But the real problem is how to get rid of the evil without giving rise to another. Mere denouncing it will not do. It may make the forbidden fruit sweeter to the ignorant. It is better to show to the communities concerned that separate electorates are as harmful to them as to the country. Even that is not enough. It is necessary to work for and devise a complete communal settlement in place of the so-called Communal Award imposed upon the country. An essential part of the work in this direction is to induce the minorities to see things always from the national point of view. This becomes easy if the communal organizations of the majority community itself shed their communalism in politics.

Used Envelopes

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Whether in peace or in war, in a poor country like India, where paper, especially home-made, has never a supply to meet the demand, the use of used envelopes as a measure of economy, ought to be adopted as a matter of course. The Government, long since, set a laudable example, with the striking slogan, Practice National Economy."

Business houses, the professions (lawyers, doctors, engineers and others), the press, banks, and all others especially in correspondence with their own fraternity, where any "show" for increasing business is not the object, might well effect a saving of millions of esvelopes, if they followed this course, and there can be no two questions of its utility in private correspondence.

And now, when the warning note has come from Simla for rigid paper economy and with the example of Britain, where every scrap of paper has to be saved, fresh in the mind, one trusts that this appeal will not fall on deaf ears, and the principals in every walk of life will now adopt it as early as possible. At least the ball has been set rolling by enclosing in a used envelope this from the pen of.—Yours, etc.

M. J. G.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

NEW YORK, August 1.

Urging the United States to negotiate a treaty of mutual defence with Canada the "New York Herald-Tribune" states: "The hour has arrived in our judment when the United States should for their own protection and to implement the Monroe Doctrine enter into negotiations with Canada for a treaty of mutual defence."—Reuter.

* * * *

Mr. Winston Churchill has written an admirable article about the Independence of Holland, etc. to a Dutch newspaper.

No, we are afraid, he won't contribute one to an Indian nationalist journal.

* * * *

"India, too, is with us," says Mr. Amery.

Of course, in the midst of his oratory, Mr. Amery forgot himself and his colleagues.

* * * *

Despite political differences, Mr. Amery adds, her people are united in the detestation of the Nazi creed.

Looking at Britain's response to it, we almost feel as if detestation of the Nazi creed was regarded as something to the disadvantage of India!

* * * *

"So far as Britain is concerned, it must be made very clear in the firmest possible manner to the Japanese Government that this kind of thing must stop . . ."

Anglo-India Minor.

We hope the British Government will carry out this instruction immediately.

* * * *

A Berlin paper hints to Turkey that the problem before her is either to follow the policy of the Balkan States or to "continue her withdrawal from Europe and make it final and definite."

Whom will M. Stalin hand over Thrace and the Dardanelles, to Italy or to Germany? Or will be consent to take them himself?

* * * *

"VICHY, July 31.

The Havas Agency announces that all postal, telegraphic and telephonic communication with the occupied zone of France is provisionally forbidden from to-day".

—Reuter.

What is Herr Hitler's plan which needed an order to Vichy to cut of unoccupied France from the occupied?

* * * *

"The war against England," declares a German official statement, "is necessarily waged on different lines from war against France, where an army of 1,000,000 men was employed. The method now used against England admits of the use of a limited number of men only."

The conclusion is too obvious to admit of being believed in.

* * * *

"We did not ask her (America) to fight our battle even if we might think that in a sense it was her battle too".

—Mr. Amery.

America loudly accepts the latter half and gratefully appreciates the former.

* * * *

Authoritative circles in London defend the American ban on exports of petrol as a "natural step".

It certainly is a natural step on the part of those who suffer from 5,000 million dollars worth of a nightmare.

* * * *

"Is your wife changeable old man?"

"I've never tried, but I shouldn't think so."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Air castles of a bachelor are usually constructed of smoke.

A woman will have her own way even if it is a roundabout way.

Only those who can enjoy dining on air can afford to trust to luck.

It's always the man who doesn't want credit who can get it for the asking.

There is no patent on the fire escape made by sending in your resignation.

The more brains a man has the less chance there is of his headswelling.

Crisis In Rumania

Dissension In Govt. Camp

Hitler's Hukum About Transylvanian Revisions

But Leaders Show Lively Opposition To The Move

BUKAREST, August 1.

Despite the approval expressed in the press it is evident that the visit of Rumanian statesmen to Salzburg and Rome has done little to relieve Rumanian difficulties. There is dissension in the Government camp and a crisis is expected within a few days.

It is said that the Rumanian Statesmen were received by Hitler in Wagnerian manner and told about the petty business of Transylvanian revisions as quickly as possible. It is believed that the precise requirements for the cession of certain provinces to Hungary were formulated in Rome but any idea of meeting these requirements is finding lively opposition from Transylvanian leaders.

M. Gigurtu last night had a long conversation with M. Maniu, Leader of the former National Peasant Party, and explained the necessity for Rumania of accepting territorial revision in favour of Hungary but M. Maniu refused categorically to accept a policy of cession declaring that the whole population of Transylvania totalling three and a half millions was determined to resist such concession at any price and had asked the army to support them.

M. Maniu added that he himself would not accept leadership of the Central Government unless he had free choice of Ministers.

Although Hitler was expected to refer to the Jewish problem during Friday's interview, it is understood that the subject was not broached. The present Government, however, appears determined to pursue an anti-Semitic policy and to-day all Jewish officials employed in the Ministry of Interior were dismissed.

Meanwhile unrest is growing in the provinces as harvest prospects have become increasingly worse and this discontent is producing a soil receptive for Communism and agricultural experts are advising Government to do something to assist the peasants before it is too late.

Already there have been considerable movements of population from the lower Danube ports to the Ukraine and Bessarabia. Thirty-eight thousand workers left the important port of Galatz which is now almost uninhabited. —Reuter.

Oil Supply To Japan Prevented

Sequel To U. S. Ban On Export Of Aviation Petrol

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.

While the ban which the United States Government to-day placed on export of aviation petrol applies to all nations except those in the Western Hemisphere, it will mainly have the effect of preventing supplies from reaching Japan as the British blockade is already taking care of the Axis Powers in Europe.

Whether this has any connection with the continental Japanese pressure on Americans in China and threats against them is not known, but the timing of the ban compels notice.

British supplies are apparently not affected for Canada is still able to buy which will enable her to ship all her present stocks to England. This is additional to the supplies available to Britain from Central-America, for example, Venezuela.

The House passed the Bill appropriating approximately 5,000 million dollars without division.

PILOTS REACH CANADA.

Three Imperial Airways pilots —Captain Wilcockson, Chief of Imperial Airways Transatlantic service, Captain D. C. Bennett and Wing-Commander Griffith Powell arrived at an Eastern Canada port to-day aboard a British T. M. Liner, it is reported, to supervise the flights of American bombers across the Atlantic.

TREATY OF MUTUAL DEFENCE WITH CANADA.

Urging the United States to negotiate a treaty of mutual defence with Canada the "New York Herald Tribune" states, "The hour has arrived in our judgment when the United States should for their own protection and to implement the Monroe Doctrine enter into negotiations with Canada for a treaty of mutual defence.

ADDRESS & PURSE TO PRESIDENT

Mahajan Association's Tribute To Azad's Services

Even as the limbs formed a vital part of the body giving sustenance and shape to it, the several commercial organisations formed a part and parcel of the Congress organisation.

This was the reply given by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, to the address given by the Mahajan Association, on Thursday.

The Congress President thought that a nation was not complete without those several associations, just as a body could not be complete without limbs. If those organisations decayed and weakened, the nation would be also sapped and weakened.

In every country, hamlets, villages and towns were honeycombed with all kinds of associations. And it was customary for the organisations to place their views before the leaders of the country.

The Congress President remarked that he was very glad that he had an opportunity to come in contact with the business community of Bombay. So far as the Congress and the work of national emancipation were concerned, Bombay had shown great love and enthusiasm in the past. By calling him and honouring him, they had done honour to the Congress. He knew that for the last ten years in every political struggle, Bombay was on the forefront.

The world was passing through a revolutionary period and the business community, he hoped, would give their sympathy and support to the Congress and the country, whenever an occasion arose in the future.

COMMERCE AND POLITICS

In welcoming the Congress President, Seth Iswardas Jamnadas, the President of the Association, said that the visit of the Congress President marked the continuation of the good relationship between commerce and politics in the city. He referred to the happy relationship which had always existed between the Congress and the Mahajan Association.

Mr. N. R. Maniar, Secretary of the Association, tracing the history of the Association, referred to the visits of the Congress Presidents in the past. He also pointed out that in spite of the facilities given to cotton dealing in their Association like all other associations, their association had not yet secured recognition from Government.

ADDRESS AND PURSE

The address presented to the Congress President stated that his very name spelled the virtues he possessed. It referred to his services towards the solution of the Hindu-Muslim problem.

A purse of Rs. 1,001 was presented to the Congress President, Mr. Govindashram Mitayivala presented a separate cheque of Rs. 101.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF NON-VIOLENCE

(Continued from page 1.)

tionary current. They had their own responsibilities to fulfil. They had to face many problems which demanded immediate solution. As they went ahead, their problems multiplied and their responsibilities grew heavier. But the Congress and its Working Committee had looked the problems in the face and had taken a definite step forward. He felt sure that they had understood the implications of the resolutions passed by the A. I. C. C. in Poona.

The most important of the problems that the Working Committee had to solve was the question of Non-violence and its extension to other spheres, which had been raised by Gandhiji. Gandhiji had brought up this question several times before, but they had prevailed upon him to postpone any decision. They tried to do so even now but Gandhiji felt that a time had come when the issue should be clarified once for all. Things had moved so rapidly that within a couple of weeks world frontiers had vanished, and once proud Empires had crumbled into dust. Gandhiji, therefore felt that the time had come when he should put his faith to the test. They had no right to stop him. He did not, however, want the Working Committee to follow him blindly. He wanted them to arrive at a conclusion after due consideration.

Whatever the Congress had become, whatever it had achieved, was solely on account of non-violence. They could not have achieved by any other means, a tenth or even a twentieth of what they had done, during the last 20 years. The proposition brought up by Gandhiji was but the highest stage, the perfection of the same creed of non-violence. He did not want them to keep an army, he did not want them to use force on any account. That was the last step in the path of non-violence.

That step could not be taken by merely declaring that they would do so. It was necessary that they should have undying faith in non-violence in every particle of their body. They would have been guilty of insincerity, in fact they would have been guilty of cheating Gandhiji if they had subscribed to such a declaration. Every one of them was hungering to further the cause of non-violence; but they had not the faith, they had not the courage to say that they would not resort to violence under any circumstances. It was the weakness, it was the weakness of the whole world. But it was a fact which they could not ignore. No state could carry on for twenty-four hours without resorting to its coercive powers.

Political Independence

It was quite true that the weapon of non-violence had taken them far. Gandhiji wanted them to go farther. But the implications of following Gandhiji would have been far-reaching, It would have meant that they would have to put aside the task of achieving political independence and set themselves to the task of educating the people in the path of non-violence. That meant that the struggle for independence would have to be abandoned. Their Chief object would have to be to set up a state, unique in the world, a state that had no soldiers, no arms.

Could they have a Government on those lines. They could most certainly have it. If they did not believe in its possibility, all their ideals would be dashed to the ground. But it could not be in a day. It would be a long and arduous task; a task which would mean that they would have to give up their political objective.

There was not a single individual among them who did not hanker after such a state; not one soul which did not burn with the desire to strive for the dawn of a day when they would see such a state founded. But the political conditions of the world at present was very different. They could not, therefore shoulder the responsibility of following the Mahatma. It would have been easy to say "yes" to Gandhiji's proposals. In fact it was a great temptation to follow a leader like the Mahatma. But the implications of doing so would have been tremendous. They could not search their hearts and accept those implications.

The Maulana Saheb wanted to make one thing perfectly clear. They did not want to depart even by an inch, from the path of non-violence, for the achievement of Freedom. That would amount to committing political suicide. All the strength of the organisation they had built up for twenty years would be reduced to ashes.

Is It Practical Politics?

At the same time they were not ready to say, as Gandhiji would have them say, that they would never accept power, never run an administration, unless they were prepared to do so without the slightest use of force. That would have been a Himalayan blunder. It would have meant breaking with the traditions of the Congress during the last fifty years and to attempt to create a paradise on earth. No doubt the attempt would be laudable. But the question was, would it be practical politics? There were certain hard facts and realities they had to face in this world. It was a political problem and not a spiritual one.

Congress Objective

In conclusion the speaker warned the public not to commit the blunder of thinking for a moment that Congress had departed from its declared policy. The Congress resolutions had never said that they would not have an army. All Congress resolutions had declared that when they had a national Goverment, they would have a national army, and to that resolve they would continue to adhere.

But Gandhiji had a higher mission in life and they did not want to stand in his way of propagating that mission.

Jawahar Recalls "Memorable Day"

It started raining when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru walked up to the rostrum. Referring to the Tilak anniversary, he said that he was reminded of the day 20 years ago when he detrained in Bombay to hear of the sad news that Lokmanya Tilak was sinking. A few hours later he heard of the tragic death of India's revered leader. Thousands of Bombay's citizens joined in the funeral procession which wended its way in pouring rain to Chowpatty. It was the same memorable day, August 1, which Mahatma Gandhi had fixed for the starting of the non-co-operation movement. India had commenced on that day a great chapter in her history and during the past 20 years the country had progressed far.

Pandit Nehru referred to the critical period through which India was passing at present and said that it was not enough if the people merely marched to the statue of Tilak to pay homage to the departed leader. It was necessary that they should be prepared for all the sacrifices which were necessary for achieving the goal.

To-day, continued Panditji, the entire world was passing through a critical period. It looked as though a curtain was being rung down on the world's stage and no one could be sure as to what would be the nature of the next scene that was to present itself. Could India sit silently and watch while the fortunes of great nations were changing?

Price For Independence

Pandit Jawaharlal referred briefly to the resolution of the All-India Congress Committee and said that one important point which the citizens had to bear in mind was that independence could not be secured unless the people were prepared to pay its price.

Pandit Jawaharlal was inaudible at this stage due to a heavy downpour. The audience including women which was crouching under a sea of umbrellas showed admirable patience and heard the speeches through. Not even the women were anxious to leave the Maidan until the singing of "Vande Mataram".

Tilak Day At Nagpur

NAGPUR: August 1.

Nearly 3,000 people were present near the Tilak Statue this morning when Nagpur paid homage to the Lokmanya on the occasion of the anniversary. Among those present were Pandit Ravishanker Shukla, former Minister of C. P., Mr R. S. Ruiker, Mr. Sherlekar, Mr. Awari and others.

Unfurling the tri-colour flag Mr. Brijlal Biyani, President of the Vidarbha Provincial Congress, said that Tilak had laid down his life keeping the National Flag flying high which they should follow as an example. He said India would soon achieve independence.

Earlier the local Hindu Maha Sabha also held another function in connection with the Tilak Day, Dr. Paranjpye addressed the meeting.—United Press.

Dadar's Homage To Tilak's Memory

Lokmanya Tilak's 21st anniversary was observed with much enthusiasm at Vanmali Hall, Dadar, on Thursday evening. Mr. I. S. Patel presided.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas paying homage to the Lokmanya said that as years rolled on the country would realise his greatness more and more, for Tilak was the man who knew India's cause so well that he of all men helped to mould a noble future for the country.

Mr. V. B. Karnik asked the gathering not to pay lip sympathy to Tilak, but to follow his noble example in thought, word and deed.

Mr. Patel explained the significance of the day and said that the Congress had not given up Non-Violence except for internal disorders and external aggression.

Mr. Govindbhai J. Patel thanked the speakers.

Hindu Sabha Celebrates 'Tilak Day'

A call to the Hindus to realise how backward they were socially, morally, and economically and to organise themselves under the banner of the Hindu Sabha, was made by Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole at a meeting held under the auspices of the Hindu Sabha (Bombay South) to observe the Tilak Anniversary at Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi.

Nation Pays Homage To Tilak's Memory

Reports of public meetings held to pay homage to Lokmanya Tilak's memory have also been received from Calcutta, Wardha, Nasik, Poona, Ahmedabad and Karachi.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 1.

The "Alcantara" has arrived but has not yet docked.—Reuter.

Textile Talks Deadlock

Far East Developments And Arrest Of Britons Hold Up Parleys

SIMLA, August 1.

No official information is available as to when the Indo-Japanese trade negotiations will be resumed.

The last meeting between the Indian and Japanese delegates took place in May, and it was then announced that there would be a short delay in the resumption of the negotiations, principally because, before entering into new obligations concerning export of raw cotton, the Government of India desired to review the position of the commodity with reference to the requirements of the Allied countries and the exchange position, and also with reference to tightening up of arrangements, in order to ensure that supplies did not reach enemy countries.

It was expected that the delegates would meet to continue their talks some time this month, but recent developments in the Far East, particularly the arrest of a number of Britons, are believed to have altered the prospect of immediate resumption of the negotiations.—A. P.

DETENTION OF FRENCH ADMIRALS

London Reply To Vichy Protest

LONDON, July 31.

It is learned in official circles in London that the French Admiral Cayol, who with Admiral Villaine was detained in England as a survivor of the "Meknes," The Vichy Government has protested against the detention, but the view expressed in London is that it seems ungracious to protest, in view of the fact that Admiral Cayol was rescued by the British, when the ship in which he was returning to France was sunk by a German vessel. It is learned that both the Admirals are being treated with every consideration due to their rank, and made as comfortable as possible. —Reuter.

Sir Temulji's Funeral

The funeral ceremony of Sir Temulji Nariman which took place on Thursday afternoon was attended by a large number of people.

Among those who were present were Dasturji Kaikhusru Mahiar Kutar, Dastur Noshirwan Gardar, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. Mancherji Khareghat, Sir Homi Mody, Lt.-Col. S. L. Bhatia, Dr. S. R. Moolgavkar, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Dr. N. K. Sahiar, Dr. Banaji and Dr. Kaka.

GERMANY'S NEW TECHNIQUE

BERLIN, August 1.

A statement combating any idea that "the war against England is being waged only half-heartedly" was issued here to-night by the official German news agency.

It says: "Germany is waging war against England with just as much determination as she did against Poland and France. The burden of the effort now rests on the shoulders of a few thousand men only—the crews of submarines, motor speedboats and planes.

"War against England is necessarily waged on different lines from war against France where an army of a million men was employed. The method now used against England admits of the use of a limited number of men only."

Replying to the question when is Germany going at last to strike, the statement says: "For five weeks since the armistice Germany has been striking daily and hourly."—Reuter.

Russo-Afghan Trade Agreement

SIMLA, August 1.

As far as is known here about the Trade Agreement recently signed between Russia and Afghanistan, it is on the lines of previous agreements between them.—A. P.

BERNE.—To-day is being celebrated the anniversary of the Swiss army. The Commander-in-Chief in a proclamation declared that every man was at his post ready to fight for independence and liberty of Switzerland.

R. A. F. BOMBERS RAID DUTCH AND GERMAN COASTS

LONDON, August 1.

An Air Ministry "communique" states, that yesterday R. A. F. aircraft of the Bomber Command carried out daylight attacks on military objectives in Germany and shipping off the Dutch and German coasts. During these raids, bombers were engaged by enemy fighters, two of which were shot down. One of our bombers is missing.

Oil refineries at Misburg, near Hanover and Emmerich were attacked by bombers last night, while other aircraft bombed supply depots at Osnabruck, shipping in Zuiderzee and enemy aerodromes in Holland and Germany. Two of our aircraft were lost.

Yesterday, a Sunderland flyingboat of the Royal Australian Air Force three times repelled enemy air attacks on a convoy it was escorting.

An aircraft of the Coastal Command engaged on reconnaissance over Norway has failed to return.—Reuter.

Nazi Raider Pursued By R. A. F.

LONDON, August 1.

Windows of shops and doors of houses were shattered by bullets when a German plane machine-gunned and bombed a South-eastern town this afternoon. Bombs started a fire and caused some casualties. Fighters pursued the raider.—Reuter.

LONDON.—Sir David Owen has received an invitation to visit Hongkong and advise the administration there.

AZAD LEAVES FOR WARDHA

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Indian National Congress left for Wardha by the Nagpur Express on Thursday night.

Several prominent Congressmen were present at the Victoria Terminus to see him off.

Among those who bade him adieu were Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai, Nagindas T. Master, Mathuradas Tricumjee, S. A. Brelvi, S. K. Patil and volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal.

The Maulana was garlanded by Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, President of the B. P. C. C. and Sjt. Mathuradas Tricumjee, the Mayor of Bombay.

Italian Submarine Hoists White Flag

BRITISH TRAWLER ESTABLISHES MASTERY OF SEA IN SUEZ

BOMBAY, August 1.

A detachment of troops from a well-known Scottish Regiment have arrived in Bombay as escort to Italian prisoners of war, including officers and men from Italian submarines.

Although this regiment passed through the Suez Canal after Italy had entered the war, they saw no sign of Italians throughout the whole length of the Red Sea, and they saw no single sign of the Italian fleet or air force. The men however recount thrilling tales of how the navy is chasing the Italians when they show their noses out of harbour.

One Italian submarine was forced to the surface by a depth charge, but when the Italian officer emerged from the coning tower and saw that his opponent was only a diminutive British trawler, he called on the British vessel to surrender.

At the same time, the submarine opened fire on the trawler with her guns. The trawler turned head on to the submarine and returned the fire.

The first salvo missed the target, the second glanced off the coning tower, but the third, fourth and fifth burst slap inside the coning tower, killing those members of the crew who were there. Immediately after these salvoes, the submarine hoisted the white flag and surrendered, the whole action being over within a few minutes.—A. P.

ESCAPED PRISONERS

Reward For Information

A reward of Rs. 50 is offered by the Police authorities for information leading to the arrest of any one or more of the following three persons, who, along with a fourth man (since re-captured), escaped from the Princess Street Police lock-up by cutting through the expanded metal surrounding the cells on the night of 29th July, 1940. Any information regarding the whereabouts of these persons or any one of them, should be given to the nearest Police Station or to the Detection of Crime Branch, C.I.D., Gymnasium Road, behind the Head Police Office (Tel. 25011—Extn. 204).

1. Shakoor Babamiya, alias Sayed, Mohamedan, age 38 years, height 5' 3", black hair, black short moustache, an irregular curved scar on right side of forehead near hair and a smaller scar near left eyebrow. Used previously to work as a painter in the docks.

2. Jahagiralli Miralisha, alias Zakiralli Shakirbux, alias Hikmatalli, Mohamedan, aged 39 years, height 5' 5", erect stature, greying black hair, black moustache, pock marks on forehead, nose, cheeks and chin—mole left cheek and chin. Was a hawker in clothing by profession.

3. Bhupram Mahlan, alias Bhutram, Pardeshi Hindu, aged 23 years height 5' 3", strong build, black hair and small moustache, pimpled face, a horizontal scar on point of chin. Was a millhand by profession and also knows how to drive a motor car.

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IF you've a "weak spot" in your throat or chest, Monsoon weather will soon find it. Consequently coughs, colds and chills are far more prevalent during the "rains." So, take Peps antiseptic breatheable tablets and protect yourself against infection.

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Screen Re-Enacts Historic Naval Battle

River Plate Drama In "For Freedom" At Excelsior

The almost historic battle of the River Plate in which the British Navy came out triumphant is vividly reconstructed to provide an exciting climax to the film "For Freedom," shown this week at Excelsior.

The actual persons appearing in the film include officers and men of H.M.S. "Exeter" and "Ajax", and British seamen-prisoners on the "Altmark" all of whom re-play their own roles. The naval scenes were shot with the full co-operation of the navy and the entire picture is effective propaganda for the British war effort.

As a dramatization of real war events, it is a brilliant pioneering effort and opens up rich future possibilities of using the screen for recreation of contemporary history.

The fictional characters are played by Will Fyffe, Anthony Hulme, Albert Lieven, E. V. H. Emmett, etc. The film was devised and directed by Maurice Elvey and Castleton Knight.

The main interest of the film lies in the reconstruction of the naval battles and the fictional plot of the chief of a news-reel company and his son is too thin and apologetic.

The story goes back to September, 1938.

In the private theatre of a news-reel company the Four Power Conference at Munich is being shown on the screen. The Chief and his son Steve are waiting for an important B.B.C. announcement.

The Chief, certain of war, has prepared a film "Shadow Over Europe."

Steve believes that there will be peace and tries to persuade his father to make a film of "Human Achievement."

The success of the Munich Conference comes through and the Chief decides to proceed with his son's idea. He instructs his European and American representatives to obtain films of their countries' social and cultural progress. The day the foreign representatives arrive with their pictures Hitler enters Czechoslovakia. The Chief brings out "The Shadow Over Europe" film again. Steve resigns.

Hitler invades Poland and Britain declares War. The German and Russian News-reel representatives return to their countries. After the first few months of war, comes the dramatic news of the pocket battleship the "Graf Spee" being sighted by three ships of the Navy. The Chief cannot get a cameraman to cover the story but Steve who is in Rio de Janeiro phones to say he "is on the job."

Then comes the battle of the River Plate. The "Graf Spee" is forced into Montevideo, the British prisoners released, and the pocket battleship scuttled.

The "Cossack" enters Josing Fjord to settle with the "Altmark." Hand to hand fighting takes place, the prisoners are rescued, and the fight "for freedom" goes on.....

A scene from "For Freedom" at the New Empire.

Mainly About Foreign Films

'MARCH OF TIME' ON AMERICAN AGRICULTURE

Also Fine Musical Featuring Bing Crosby

Shown at the Regal this week is "If I Had My Way", an entertaining musical romance enlivened by Bing Crosby's fine songs. Gloria Jean who rose to fame in "The Under-pup" acts and sings her way straight to the hearts of cinegoers. In the supporting cast are Charles Winninger, El Brendel, Claire Dodd and Nana Bryant.

Added attraction is the latest issue of "March of Time". This time it is "Uncle Sam—The Farmer", a documentary record of the agricultural conditions in U. S. A. from 1914 to the present day. In view of the relation between American agriculture and Europe's war-time food supplies, the film has a topical significance.

For India, this film has a special message. It shows what steps a progressive country should take to modernize agriculture and to put it on a sound economic basis. The contrast between our poverty-ridden peasants and the well-to-do American farmers with their own tractors and motor cars is as significant as it is glaringly obvious.

This Is Laurel-Hardy Week

"THE DEVIL'S BROTHER" AT METRO "SAPS AT SEA" AT EXCELSIOR

In his latest laugh-filled comedy, "Saps At Sea," at Excelsior Hal Roach present those master comics, Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy as a pair of testers in a horn factory.

Based on an original story and screenplay by Charles Rogers, Felix Adler, Gil Pratt and Harry Langdon, "Saps At Sea" opens with daffy action in a horn-manufacturing plant where our heroes are employed to tune up D flat horns exclusively. The work, however, gets on the nerves of corpulent Mr. Hardy and a sea voyage is prescribed by his medico. The boys hire a boat that isn't seaworthy, planning to stay in port and benefit from the sea breezes without battling with the deep. Peace, however, remains a far-off dream, for the comics become involved with a gangster and then with the police.

What ensues provides the film with a long list of screamingly funny situations in which everything goes wrong for the vacationists.

BING CROSBY, well-known singing star and GLORIA JEAN, a great little musical prodigy in "IF I HAD MY WAY" at the Regal.

THE INIMITABLE COMEDIANS—Laurel and Hardy are seen this week at two theatres, Metro and Excelsior.

"ELIZABETH AND ESSEX"

Revived At The Capitol

"The Private Life of Elizabeth And Essex", the Warner Brothers technicolour costume picture, starring Bette Davis and Errol Flynn in the title roles, will be revived at the Capitol from tomorrow (Saturday).

A well-produced, uniformly well-acted picture, it is distinguished by Bette Davis' sensitive interpretation of the English Queen's role. It is the outstanding revival of the week which boasts of few good pictures among the new releases.

Old Comedy Revived At Metro

An unusual predicament compels Laurel and Hardy to become members of a bandit gang in their old feature-length comedy, "The Devil's Brother" which is revived this week at Metro.

"The Devil's Brother" is a picturization of Auber's famous comic opera, "Fra Diavolo," with Dennis King, the noted singer and stage star, portraying the Marquis de San Marco, who ingratiates himself into the good graces of all the lovely ladies while stealing their jewellery.

Laurel and Hardy are seen as a couple of carefree vagabonds. They have saved their money, and decide to take life easy. At which moment a couple of bandits hold them up and take away their savings. It then occurs to Laurel that it is easier to steal than to make money honestly.

The two comedians, as usual, get plenty of amusement out of their antics which have the unusual locale of a boat—not battling with the deep on the high seas but securely anchored in a port. They get in a mess, of course, and get out of it with their familiar devices. A typical Laurel-Hardy farce.

TAMIL FILM AT BROADWAY TALKIES

"Anandashram", in Tamil is booked for Broadway Talkies and will be shown on Sunday 4th inst., at 10-30 a.m. Many well-known stars of South India have combined to make the picture a success.

Veera Kesari P. B. Rangachari takes the part of the Prime Minister of Gopalpur under the king, whole role is played by Puliyur Duraiswami Iyer. C. V. V. Punthulu plays the part of hero, whereas R. B. Lakshmi Devi takes that of heroine. Sangeetha Vidhwan Subbiah Bhagavathar plays a prominent role.

The women's roles of the play are filled in by K. S. Adilakshmi, K. S. Rajalakshmi and K. S. Jambakavalli, popularly known as Trichy K. S. Adilakshmi Sisters.

The comic pair, N. S. Krishnan and T. A. Mathuram contribute their full quota in the picture.

APPEAL AGAINST PROPERTY TAX

Bombay Landlords Withdraw Case From Federal Court

BOMBAY, August 1.

It is understood that the appeal made by Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy and Mr. Jagamohandas Kalyandas to the Federal Court against the Bombay High Court judgment in the Property Tax case, was withdrawn.—United Press.

"RAY OF HOPE" FOR PROPERTY OWNERS

Association President's Appeal For Removal Of Levy

The annual general meeting of the Property Owners' Association was held on Thursday evening at the hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji, presiding.

In the course of his speech Mr. Morarji after conferring to the Property Tax, levied as a sequel to the prohibition policy of the Government said that:—

"With the slackening of the policy of Prohibition recently adopted by the Government, a ray of hope was created and it was believed that this tax would be removed and the necessary relief would be given but the recent announcement made by the Government on this question reveals the possibility of only a partial relief in this direction. I hope and trust that your Association will do its best to get justice and fair-play for "its members".

Over and above the Property Tax, the doing away of the system of giving rebates on Insurance Premiums was another difficulty created for the property owners by the recent amendment of the Insurance Act.

Mr. Morarji concluded with an appeal to the members and tenants for better understanding between landlords and tenants.

The meeting ended with light refreshments.

Plea For Repeal Of Urban Immovable Property-Tax

The Joint Hon. Secretary, Property Owners' Association Bombay, in the course of a letter to the Governor of Bombay, appealing for the repeal of the Urban Immovable Property Tax, says:—

"Due to nervousness created by war situation and similar other causes a large number of people has left Bombay and many more are doing so daily. As a consequence vacancies in the City are on the increase and in a number of cases rents have to be reduced. On the top of this the costs of repairs and maintenance have also considerably increased due to war prices.

It continues: "Your Excellency is also aware that in view of the decision of the Full Bench of the Bombay High Court it is not possible to carry on and give effect to the scheme of prohibition as was proposed by the then Congress Ministry. Under these circumstances the Association pray that Your Excellency will be pleased to repeal the continuation for the current year of this tax which is an excessive burden on the property owners, if unfair, unjust and greatly oppressive in the present war times when the whole business of the City is dislocated."

Safeguarding Indian Insurance Interests

NEW DELHI, July 31.

An emergent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Federation of Indian Insurance Companies, was held at Agra on Sunday. Mr. M. N. Seth, the president of the federation presided.

The proposals for the further amendment of the Insurance Act, 1938 appearing in a circular issued by the Government of India were discussed in detail, and it was resolved that a representation should be made immediately to the Commerce Member in respect of these proposals, in order to safeguard Indian Insurance interests, and in particular, the interests of the younger Life Insurance Companies.—A. P.

The Hon. Khan Bahadur Aziz-ul-Haque, Speaker of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, is re-appointed Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University for a second term. His present term of office expires in August 1940.

FIFTEEN WORKERS SERIOUSLY INJURED

Accident In Budge Budge Jute Mill

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1.

Fifteen workmen of a jute mill in Budge Budge were injured in an explosion which occurred in the mill yesterday afternoon. Eight of them are in a serious condition, and one is not expected to live.

The men were at work in the boiler house, when, it is believed, the chimney of the boiler was struck by lightning. The explosion shook the mills and blew away part of the structure surrounding the boiler house.

The work of clearing the debris was carried on till late at night.—A. P.

A. R. P. Proposal Turned Down By Calcutta Corporation

CALCUTTA, July 31.

By 36 votes to 18 the Corporation of Calcutta this evening turned down the proposal of Mr. F. C. Cross seeking to co-operate whole-heartedly in the furtherance of the Government scheme relating to air-raid precautions.

The European Group and the members of the Hindu Mahasabha supported the proposal to which Congress and the Muslim League members expressed opposition. One remained neutral.—A. P.

Sir M. Zafrullah For Bangalore

MADRAS, August 1.

The Hon. Sir M. Zafrullah Khan, arrived in Madras this evening from Poona by the Bombay Express. He is leaving Madras to-night for Bangalore.—A. P.

Punjab League Deputation To Jinnah

LAHORE, August 1.

It is learnt that Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, who was to receive to-day the Punjab Muslim League deputation led by Nawab Sir Shah Nawaz Khan, President of the Punjab Muslim League, will now receive them on August 10.—United Press.

The Premier of Sind informs the Associated Press that due to present situation in the districts he has postponed by a week more the conference of District Magistrates convened by him during this week to evolve measures to stem lawlessness.

BHULABHAI TO SEE VICEROY

SIMLA, Aug. 1.

The 'United Press' learns that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, and a member of the Congress Working Committee, will interview the Viceroy on August 14 in Bombay.—United Press.

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MUTT AND JEFF—As Far As Jeff Is Concerned, a Hint to the Wise Is Sufficient — By BUD FISHER

FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE, WHAT HAPPENED TO YOU?
OH, I WAS OVER TO MY GIRL'S HOUSE AND HER FATHER THREW ME OUT!
4-26
BUT I WENT RIGHT BACK IN AGAIN!
YOU DID? THEN WHAT HAPPENED?
HE THREW ME OUT AGAIN!
DID YOU GO BACK IN AGAIN?
SURE! I WENT BACK SIX TIMES AND EACH TIME HE THREW ME OUT!
THEN WHAT DID YOU DO?
OH, I TOOK THE HINT AND LEFT! I KNOW WHEN I'M NOT WANTED!
?

TRACK NOTES

Condition Of Course Promises Good Going For Saturday

"Chronicle" Track Correspondent

The following are the important gallops for Saturday's Races at Poona. Plenty of rain has fallen in Poona and so the going should be good.

CHEER BOYS (Britt), EASTERN PRIDE (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the tan. Both went well and are in good condition.

GANYMEDE (Malone) galloped six furlongs on the Monsoon Track. Appears fit.

FARIS II (Brace) galloped six furlongs. He is ready.

BACHELOR'S BARD (Burn) galloped five furlongs on the Monsoon Track. Fair.

KILT (Scaulan) beat a stable companion in a five furlongs gallop on the tan. KILT is fit and well.

MEDDLESOME (Britt), GOLDEN MANTLE (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the Monsoon Track. The former was better.

ARCHMOON (Britt), MARK YOU (R. Boy) galloped four furlongs. ARCHMOON was better.

JEWEL (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the tan. She is ready.

AFTALON (Marrable), GAY NORA (Bullock) galloped six furlongs on the tan. AFTALON was better.

SO THAT'S THAT (R. Boy), HOW'S THAT (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs. They are well.

THE DUCHESS (Marrable) galloped six furlongs. Fit.

SHAHENSHAH (R. Boy) PRINCESS MUMTAZ (R. Boy) galloped five furlongs. The latter was better.

LAXMIDHAR (N. Dawood) galloped seven furlongs. Fit and well.

BLUE MANTLE (Britt), STABLE COMPANION galloped six furlongs. BLUE MANTLE is in good condition.

BAB AL KHAIR (R. Boy), BHAYAS (Babakhan) galloped six furlongs on the tan. The former was better.

SAIF BAHADUR (N. Dawood) galloped six furlongs on the Monsoon Track. Fit and well.

LUYAB (R. Boy), ROBINHOOD (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the tan. Luyab was better.

NEW YORK (R. Boy), KING HILAL (Clarke) galloped six furlongs on the tan. Both are well.

ATILLA (Harding), RABDAN (R. Boy) HARON (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the tan. Atilia was the best.

PRESIDENT (Britt), PRETTY PRINCE (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the Monsoon Track. Fair.

SALEM AL GARB (Britt), MUWAFAK (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the Monsoon Track. Fair.

Support For Industrials On Calcutta Exchange

CALCUTTA: August 1.

With the exception of steadier sentiment in Government Securities there was practically nothing fresh to report about the market. Miscellaneous Industrials of course received good support and a fair list of transactions was reported while other sections remained more or less unaltered.

The following are the closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent Loan 1941 101/2 s lots; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 90/5; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 104/8 s odd lot; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 110/6 s lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1457/8 ex-div; Reserve 99 ex-div.

Railways: Howrah Amta Rly 91; Shahdara (Delhi) Saharanpur Rly 143.

Coals: Bengal 324 s lots; Burrakur pref 141/8; Khas Kajora pref 9/12.

Jutes: Adamjee ord 18/6; Kanknarrah pref 137.

Minings: Burma Corporation 5/18; Consolidated Tin 3/1; Indian Copper 2.

Cements: Dalmia pref 86; Ord 8/4.

Engineering Companies: Burn and Co ord 312, Hukumchand Elec Steel Defd 1/10; Indian Iron and Steel 25/4; Steel Corporation ord 15/2; Pref 100/12.

Miscellaneous: Balmer Lawrie 279/8; B I Corporation ord 4/1; Dunlop Rubber ord 29; Indian Wood Products 24/15; Orient Paper 7/8; Titaghur Paper ord 14/5; Second pref 108/8; Midnapore Zemindary pref 119/8 ex-div. Assam Saws 2/12 ct; Basti Sugar 170.

Tea: Brob 'A' 9/12; 'B' 4/14.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 92/8; 4 1/2 per cent Bengal Jute Debs 102 ct; 7 per cent Ghpur Tea Debs 99/8 s lot.—A. P.

Bleeding Gums can lead to PYORRHOEA!

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Racing

POONA SUMMER MEETING

All Nine Events Well Filled

POONA, August 1.

The following are the acceptances for the Poona Summer Meeting, First Day, Saturday August 3. The first race starts at 2-15 p.m.:—

GHORPURI PLATE, DIV. I:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Hampstead 9-4, Mousin Saud 9-1, Zafar Pasha 9-1, Sayid Beg 9-0, Talmurung 8-12, Avenger 8-8, My Joy 8-8, Blue Grass 8-8, Seglawi Mahmud 8-8, Rinaldo Beb 8-8, Maisara 8-8, Great Mogul 8-8, Bahman 8-8, Air Raider 8-8, Hazim Beg 8-8.

The above race will be ridden by licenced Riding Boys and Half Jockeys.

GHORPURI PLATE, DIV. II:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Salem Al Gharb 9-4, Haran 9-2, New York 9-0, Red Cross 9-0, Pretty Prince 8-12, Marsup Al Muluk 8-12, Fil Fil 8-8, Mujnu, Anwah 8-8, Bab Al Khair 8-8, Fakri Beg 8-8, Harsak 8-8, Metro 8-8, Jabel Noor 8-8, Robin Hood 8-8, Snapper 7-11.

GHORPURI PLATE, DIV. III:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Muwafak 9-7, British Flag 9-6, The Pilot 9-2, Luayb 9-2, President 9-1, Rabdan 9-1, Ali Muntasir 9-1, Salim Al Iraq 9-0, Bayhas 9-0, Fahad Pasha 9-0, Sheriff 8-12, Faraj Allah 8-12, Atilla 8-12, Saif Bahadur 8-12, Bonsoir 7-11, (late Our Hope), Al Maroof 7-11.

MYSORE PLATE, DIV. II:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Blue Mantle 9-4, Lakhpat 9-2, Oliver 8-11, Twine 8-4, Oh Yeah 8-2, Sherabel 8-0, Formosa 8-0, First Choice 8-0, Tyrant 8-0, Can Can 7-11, Rani Taramati 7-11, Prominent 7-11, What's Yours 7-11, Black Cushion 7-11, Philderer 7-10, Lion Tamer 7-10, Gold Dish 7-7.

CASTLETOWN PLATE, DIV. I:—Distance 7 furlongs.

Golden Mantle 9-4, Legendary 9-2, So That's That 9-0, Impetus 8-11, Pompom 8-11, Lens 8-9, Scion 8-8, Blandford Lad 8-6, Talkless 8-3, Beau Geste 8-0, Shiva Kumari (late Quaver) 7-11, Langdon 7-11, No Regrets 7-9, Sauce Anglaise 7-7, King of the Ring 7-7, Fun of the Fayre 7-4.

MYSORE PLATE, DIV. I:—Distance 6 furlongs.

The Duchess 9-4, Gay Spaniard 9-2, Cherie 9-2, Hue D'Or 8-12, Star of Baroda 8-12, Shahenshah 8-12, Countess Nil 8-11, Hectic 8-11, Princes Mumtaz 8-7, Sammy Brass 8-4, Laxmidhar 8-2, Finis 8-2, Ballerina 8-0, Killcash 8-0, Idar's Gift 7-10, Rafle 7-10, Fifty Fifty 7-7.

CASTLETOWN PLATE, DIV. II:—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mangoola 9-2, Flambeau 9-0, Panna Prince 9-0, Appenzell 8-12, Shalini (late Nutbread) 8-11, Gay Nora 8-9, Abundantia 8-9, Manifold 8-7, Ronaldo 8-5, Side Hill 8-4, Sugar Baby (late Step Chilly) 8-0, Bradeager 8-0, Reliable 7-9, Why Not 7-7, Ajax 7-7, Landlord 7-5, (late Baby Boy) Rathavon 7-5.

REAY PLATE:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Solmint 9-4, Usk 9-2, Lingfield 8-10, Blandstar 8-9, Meddlesom 8-9, Mahboob 8-4, Ganymede 8-3, Faris II 8-3, Cheer Boys 8-2, Scotland for Ever 8-0, Orange Blossom II 8-0, Bachelor's Bard 7-12, Houdini 7-7, Bastion 7-7, Kilt 7-7.

ELPHINSTONE PLATE:—Distance 7 furlongs.

Dightena Valley 9-0, Man-Eater 8-13, Shadrach 8-9, Veild Prophet 8-9, Final Glance 8-9, Talk 8-8, Tipperary 8-8, Archmoon 8-8, Sir Robin 8-7, Kybo 8-5, Golden Link 8-3, Jewel 8-3, Aftalon 8-1, Flotaloan 7-12, Bobby in the Barn 7-12, Gipsy Girl 7-10, Gotys 7-8, How's That 7-8, Acinom 7-8.—A. P.

BENGAL CLUB CUP LEAGUE

W.I.A.A. Staff & Bombay Muslims To Fight For Championship On Sunday

The last match in the Bengal Club Cup League will be played at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, on Sunday next. The contestants are the W. I. A. A. Staff, holders and the Bombay Muslims. As the Table below will show, the teams stand in a very interesting position. If the Automobilemen win or draw the tie, they will retain the championship. But if they lose, a probability which cannot be altogether discounted, the title will go to the Muslims. In any case, it will be a keen contest and worth travelling a long way to see it. The following are the present positions of the teams in the Championship Round:—

THE TABLE

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals F.	Goals A.	P.
W. I. A. A. Staff	4	4	0	0	15	3	8
Bombay Muslims	4	3	1	0	12	4	7
Bengal Club	5	2	1	2	5	12	5
Matunga Athletic	5	2	0	3	3	12	4
Y. M. C. A.	5	1	1	3	8	8	3
Young Goans	5	0	1	4	2	6	1

CRICKET CONTROL BOARD MEETING

MADRAS: August 1.

Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Honorary Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India left Madras yesterday for Bombay in connection with the meeting of the Board to be held in Bombay on August 4. Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President of the Board, who was at Poona in connection with the A.I.C.C. meeting, is already in Bombay. Mr. C. R. Pattabhiraman, who will represent Madras at the meeting, left this morning for Bombay.—A. P.

Rugby International In Casualty List

LONDON, August 1.

Pilot-Officer Brian Henry Black, former Rugby International and one of the most versatile athletes of his generation, is reported in the latest R. A. F. casualty list as having died on active service.—Reuter.

Football Pentangular

EUROPEANS WIN FIRST TOURNAMENT

Muslims Fight, But Offer Poor Opposition

The Muslims found the Europeans in the final of the Pentangular Football Tournament too good and were eliminated by six goals to nil. The winners were superior in all departments of the game. Further the condition of the ground coupled with the heavy downpour during the match made all things impossible for the losers.

The Europeans tallied four goals in the early half and added two more after half-time.

MUSLIMS DISAPPOINTING

The Muslims almost opened the match with a goal, had Edden not come down and crouched with the ball, the Europeans would have been a goal in arrears. Another good movement by the Muslims followed. The Europeans transferred play and Langton was unlucky to see a good shot go over. A corner to the Europeans almost yielded a goal, Hill headed in, but Abdulla brought off a stylish save. Abdulla again saved at the cost of a corner. This award led up to a goal in the 11th minute; a partial clearance, then a shot by Richards rebounded from the cross-bar. Stone met the ball from close quarters and beat an unprepared Abdulla. Richards missed a good opportunity to take the European tally to 2.

The Europeans continued to be the raiding party. Their opponents broke away once and Rashad tested Edden in goal, the latter got down and intercepted correctly. The Europeans kept at it and Langton in the 21st minute of the half, worked in on his own and beat Abdulla with a very fine shot. Goal No. 3 came two minutes later, Preston sent in a long range shot, the ball glanced in after striking the upright. Before half-time Moore carried the Europeans to four.

TALLY OF SIX

After the interval the Europeans continued to have their way in all things and Langton was unlucky to see a beautiful shot go over. Langton shortly after saw another good effort miss by inches. In the 10th minute of the late half Hill made the Europeans five. A heavy downpour took the little good there was in the Muslims away. The Europeans also found the conditions underfoot impossible and despite heavy pressure could only add one more goal to complete half a dozen. This came through Humphries five minutes from the close.

The teams were:—

EUROPEANS: Edden; James and Cawley; Humphries, Preston and Comyn, Moore, Richards, Stone, Hill and Langton.

MUSLIMS: Abdulla; M. Abdulla and Islam; Saeed, Saleem and Ismail; Aziz Mohammed, Mohmd. Faqir, Rashad and Ibrahim.

GANGSTERS EXCHANGE SHOTS WITH POLICE

PESHAWAR, Aug. 1.

An all-day battle between villagers and police on the one side and two culprits on the other took place in a jungle near Utmanzai according to a report reaching here.

It is reported that two persons belonging to Utmanzai armed with guns and pistols, committed a murder in the nearby village of Nissatta and bolted away trying to escape through a jungle. When they reached the forest, the sun had risen and they decided to pass the day there, little knowing that they were being hotly pursued by a strong party of villagers.

After combing the jungle the villagers who were later reinforced by the police, surrounded them and challenged them to surrender. Thereupon the culprits opened fire, which as replied without mercy. The exchange of bullets lasted for a major part of the day, at the end of which, the murderers, badly wounded, gave in. Four of the villagers were seriously injured one of whom has since died.—A. P.

INDIAN AS STATE GEOLOGIST FOR TURKEY

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1.

The "United Press" learns that the Government of the Turkish Republic have extended invitation, probably the first of its kind, to an Indian scientist, Dr. S. Deb, formerly of the Institute of Geology, Paris and now lecturer in the Calcutta University, to accept the post of State Geologist in Turkey.

When a huge oil area was discovered in Anatolia, the Turkish Government made enquiries about a competent geologist and Dr. Deb's professor in the Paris Institute, M. Leon Bertrand, suggested Dr. Deb's name for the post.—United Press.

"Daughter Of Ind"

(Continued from Page 6.)

strain and stress of modern life. A remarkable combination of wit and wisdom is displayed by the writer. The lighter vein in the play—the badinage and the subtle but well meaning humour and sarcasm—while refreshing and amusing us, sets us thinking, for behind it lerks the higher vision and the deeper significance, well symbolised by the untainted love of a lowly girl with a lofty soul. The author has succeeded in driving home to us that the mystic or the higher view of life, far from being an antiquated philosophy meant for remote recluse, is of the utmost practical importance in the daily life of the high and the low. It is the higher vision that leads us to a better understanding of humanity upon which alone rest the true foundation of Eternal Peace and Bliss—The philosophy inculcated is thus all the more needed in this age of discord and disintegration—The novel and sincere manner in which the enduring ideas of old are shown in their bearing on the new turn and twist of the present life, the fresh touch and living interest, the delicate sensitiveness and the poetic grace with which the piece is invested constitute its attraction and stirring appeal.—Yours, etc.

KHALIL DEHDASHTI.

July 29
Omar Park.

VICEROY AT OOTY

OOTACAMUND, Aug. 1.

H. E. the Viceroy accompanied by H. E. the Governor of Madras and party arrived in Ootacamund at 11-15 this morning.

'En-route' to Ooty, H. E. the Viceroy and H. E. the Governor halted for fifteen minutes at the cordite factory, Aravankadu, where they were received by the Superintendent of the Factory who took Their Excellencies round and showed them the various departments of the factory at work. At Ooty, an enthusiastic crowd cheered Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Governor as they drove along in the same car. Within a furlong of Arranmore Palace where the Viceroy takes residence, a group of Todas, men and women, young and old lined up and lustily cheered Their Excellencies with songs and dance.

His Excellency the Viceroy gave an afternoon party at Government House, Ootacamund to-day which was attended by prominent officials and non-officials. The Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow moved among the guests exchanging greetings.

The Governor of Madras and the Hon. Lady Hope were present.

Among the invitees was Sir Maurice Gwyer, Chief Justice of India.—A. P.

Tennis

RIGGS BEATEN

Miss Wheeler Betters Miss Hardwick

NEW YORK (By Mail.)

The annual Tennesses Valley Lawn Tennis Championships at Chattanooga was rich in sensation.

The biggest upset was caused in the semi-final of the Men's Singles in which Robert L. Riggs, the Wimbledon and American champion had to acknowledge defeat by the margin of 1-6, 7-5, 6-4, 6-2.

His victor was Archie Henderson of Chapel Hill, North Carolina.

Henderson did not stop at that. He proceeded to win the title giving the defeat to William Talbert of Cincinatti by straight sets, the score being 6-3, 6-3, 6-1.

Charles Hare, the British Davis Cup player, was beaten in the other semi-final after a hard five-set struggle with Talbert. The score in Talbert's favour was 1-6, 6-2, 4-6, 7-5, 6-0.

There was also a mild sensation in the women's final when Miss Mary Hardwick, a member of the last British Wightman Cup team who is still in America, was beaten 7-5, 6-0 by Miss Gracyn Wheeler, the American international.

Miss Wheeler thus avenged defeats in the final of the Hot Spring (Virginia) Tournament recently and in the third round of the Wimbledon Championships last year.

I. F. A. SHIELD

Mohun Bagan Beat Holders

CALCUTTA: August 1.

The following are results of matches played in the I. F. A. Shield tournament today:—

Mohun Bagan 1, Police 0; Customs 1, Aryans 1.—A. P.

BUS OWNER'S HELP TO WAR FUND

(From A Correspondent).

DHAR, July 30.

Mr. C. K. Chandel, a local bus owner of Dhar has offered Rs. 100 per mensum till the termination of the war, to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund, through the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur of Dhar State.

Are you Beautiful without knowing it?

Thousands of women have glorious, radiant, screen-star complexions which they have never suspected. Why? Because the true loveliness of their skins is hidden beneath a mask of lifeless cuticle. If Nature had her way, this would have gradually fallen away as it grew old and lifeless. So, to bring that buried beauty to the surface, you must assist Nature to do her work.

Your skin needs this simple regular treatment. Just get from your chemist some pure Mercolized Wax and gently rub it in with the finger-tips before you go to bed. While you sleep the Mercolized Wax will be softly, imperceptibly dissolving away all those tiny particles of old, worn-out skin, leaving the fresh, young skin underneath healthy, clear and beautiful—and several shades lighter.

Even one night will show you how this natural way transcends all artificial means and lotions. But be sure to get Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) and follow the instructions on the jar.

Mercolized Wax

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1940

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BOMBAY.

In Honour Of Lokamanya Tilak's Memory

Bhulabhai Points To His Teaching Of Incessant Action At Chowpatty Rally

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Twentieth Anniversary of the late Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak was observed with great solemnity by the citizens of Bombay to-day.

A LONG PROCESSION WENDED ITS WAY FROM THE CONGRESS HOUSE TO THE IMPOSING STATUE OF THE LATE LOKAMANYA AT CHOWPATTY, WHERE THOUSANDS OF CITIZENS OFFERED THEIR HOMAGE TO THE DEPARTED LEADER.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, who unfurled the national flag at the foot of the Tilak statue exhorted the people to take a solemn oath to pursue in the footsteps of the great Lokamanya.

Several commercial organisations in the city including the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, the East India Cotton Association, the Bombay Cotton Merchants' and Mucadams' Association, the Grain Merchants' Association, the Shree Mahajan Association and the Bombay Swadeshi Market Board, suspended their business for the day.

Early in the morning a procession formed itself at the Congress House and wended its way along Lamington Road, Sandhurst Road to Chowpaty. The procession was headed by a car decked with floral lays, carrying a small statuette of Lokamanya Tilak. Immediately behind came the band of the Matunga Jain Boarding Home followed by the little cadets of the *Balika Dal*. Then came the *Desh Sevikas* in their picturesque uniform of saffron saris and blue jackets. They were followed by prominent Congressmen of the city including Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. S. K. Patil and Dr. S K. Vaidya. These were followed by volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal, the National Guards, the Swastik League and other volunteer organisations of the city. At the tail of the procession was a vast crowd of admirers of the late Lokamanya, who had mustered strong to revere the memory of the late patriotic, despite inclement weather.

Around the Tilak statue waited a large crowd of people. The procession joined the crowd and after the singing of "Vande Mataram" Mr. Bhulabhai Desai unfurled the National tricolour at the foot of the statue. Prominent among those present here were Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji. As two men climbed up a ladder and succeeded in throwing a huge garland around the statue, several bugles burst into a shrill salute.

BHULABHAI'S ADDRESS

Addressing the gathering, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai said that every year on the morning of August 1, all Bombay gathered at the spot to do reverence to the memory of their late leader. When they had assembled there last year, there was great talk of a new world order, that was being forged in Europe. Only a month after, the bugles of war had sounded and Europe was now in the grip of a life and death struggle.

Many countries of the world which were free a year ago had lost their freedom. Nowhere in the whole range of world history could a parellel instance be found when in such a short period, the world had undergone such vast changes, so many nations had fallen and the triumphant march of brute force proceeded unchecked.

It was only when a thing was lost that people would appreciate its real value. As nations lost their freedom one by one, their desire to win it back by any sacrifice, increased. The more they saw Free nations enslaved, the more earnestly did India desire to win her own Freedom. India was witnessing the morning of a new day whose glorious noon was in the offing. By the blessing of Lokamanya Tilak and the endeavours of Mahatma Gandhi, they had gone a long way toward the achievement of their Freedom. But much yet remained to be done.

A nation could not be free by merely claiming the right to Freedom. They would be free only by developing their strength and preparing to sacrifice for the sake of freedom.

INDIA'S LAST BATTLE CRY

Mr. Desai characterised the resolutions adopted by the A.-I.C.C. as the last battle cry of India. On this very day many years ago Mahatma Gandhi had taught them the use of the weapon of non-violent resistance. He could not say what the future held for them but their responsibility was great and they should all prepare to march forward towards their destiny. Freedom demanded a high price and he exhorted them to pledge themselves anew, on that sacred day, to work with determination till Freedom was won.

Striking a note of caution Mr. Desai said that this was no moment for judging and evaluating the merits and demerits of individual leaders. As the time of action arrived the pursuit of our aim should engage our sole attention. It was no use shifting the responsibility on to other shoulders and blame individual leaders for failures and set-backs. The whole nation must march forward with complete confidence in their aim and in their ability to achieve it.

TILAK'S MESSAGE OF ACTION

Concluding Mr. Desai said, that the best way of showing one's feelings of reverence to anybody was not by floral offerings, nor by singing hallelujahs to his glory, nor by giving alms on a large scale but by steadfastly following in his footsteps. The Lokamanya was the first to proclaim the right of India to complete freedom. That still remained their one aim. The Lokamanya had also preached a message of action, and to that message they should yield wholehearted loyalty.

The rain which was threatening to come down every moment since dawn, however, held off during the whole ceremony, as though out of respect for the great leader and just as Mr. Desai finished his speech and the gathering was dispersing, it came down in great torrents.

BRITAIN'S PROUD RECORD

No Ship Sunk During Empire Troop Movements Since War Began

LONDON, July 31.

It is learned in London that not a ship was sunk or a single life lost through enemy action in the vast movement of troops to and from various parts of the Empire since the war began.

Ships ranging from comparatively small vessels of 1,500 ton to giant Cunard White Star Liners have been used.

Among the movements of British and Empire troops since the war began are the following:—

Canadians:—To Britain, Iceland and West Indies.

New Foundlanders:—To Britain.

Australians and New Zealanders:—To Middle East and Britain.

South Africans:—To East Africa and Egypt.

Indian troops to East Africa.

Palestinian and Cypriot troops to Britain.

In addition troops from Britain have been moved to Bermuda, Jamaica, Iceland, Saint Helena, India, Ceylon, Singapore, Hongkong, Egypt, East Africa, Mauritius, Malta, Gibraltar, Cyprus, Palestine, Aden, Gold Coast, Sierra Leon and Nigeria. Training schools have been moved from Britain to Australia, South Africa and Canada.—Reuter.

BIG RECRUITMENT IN AUSTRALIA

70,000 Called Up For Training, 120,000 Already In Camp

CANBERRA, August. 1.

Over 70,000 additional Australians will go into military training as a result of to-day's call-up, says the Sydney wireless. There are already 120,000 men in camp in Australia.

The figure of 70,000 includes the 21 year group already in camp in addition to the four groups called up to-day. Australia's war effort shows a big step upon that of the last war. Enlistments for the army, navy and airforce up to June 30 were 122,000, that is, an increase of 26,000 over the figures for the first ten months of the last war.

These figures do not include the 15,000 men who volunteered for the Australian Imperial Force but were detained in munition work and other reserved occupations. The total number of men under arms in the A.I.F. and home defence forces on June 30 was 185,000. There are now over five times as many munition workers employed as at any time in the last war.—Reuter

41 PASSENGERS KILLED IN COLLISION

AKRON (Ohio), Aug. 1.

All 41 passengers of a railway motor carriage were killed when the vehicle collided with a goods train.

The carriage which was petrol driven burst into flames.—Reuter.

The late Sir Temulji Nariman.

Fakir Of Ipi Moves To South Waziristan

Mail Lorry Held Up Several Times And Mails And Goods Removed: Four Kidnapped

SIMLA, August 1.

The Fakir of Ipi is reliably reported to have left Darekhela and to be moving towards South Waziristan.

MAIL LORRY HELD UP

Activities of hostile gang continue in North Waziristan. The mail lorry between Miranshah and Dattakhel has been held up on five occasions recently and there has been considerable sniping of troops in the vicinity of Razmakand the Khaisora. On two occasions when the mail lorry was attacked no loss occurred, but on other occasions, mails and cash have been stolen and goods removed.

A strong patrol of the Tochi Scouts went out on July 23 and arrested eleven persons for complicity in these offences.

FOUR KIDNAPPED

An attack was made on a mail lorry in South Waziristan at Karakhot near Wana on July 24 and four passengers, including three Hindus together with the driver and the cleaner, were kidnapped and mails ransacked.

Khanchand kidnapped near Goriwala, Bannu District, on July 14 was released on July 24.

In Tirah, Zakhakhel and Qimbarkhel sections of the Afridis have sent letters to the Political Agent, Khyber, offering services in connection with the war.

In Chitral a meeting of the State War Committee was held at Drosh on July 13 attended by leading men of the State.—A.P.

The North-West Frontier Distressed Hindus Relief Committee of Calcutta has collected Rs. 2,300 for relief of widows and orphans of Frontier Hindus who were victims of tribal raids.

LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY STRIKE BEGINS

Sequel To Curtailment Of Students' "Civic & Academic Rights"

LUCKNOW, August 1.

The students of Lucknow University will go on strike to-day. This decision was reached at a largely attended meeting of the University Union held on Wednesday.

A meeting of students was held yesterday at the Vice-Chancellor's request to reconsider this decision. About 300 students were present.

Mr. Harish Chandra Tiwari, Secretary, moved a formal resolution stating that as a protest against "curtailment of the civic and academic rights" of the students there should be a protest strike from Thursday.—A. P.

Sir Temulji B. Nariman Dead

India's Oldest Doctor Who Rendered Unique Service To City And Profession

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sir Temulji Bhikhaji Nariman, the grand old man of the medical profession, passed away early to-day at the ripe old age of 92.

He was taken ill a few days ago but was reported to be better.

Sir Temulji was associated with a number of public and private institutions and was a prominent and respected figure in Medical and Masonic circles.

Sir Temulji recently completed 67 years of his married life, which is believed to constitute a world record.

Sir Temulji was born at Navsari on September 3, 1848. After passing his matriculation examination in 1865, he studied at the Elphinstone College for a year and then joined the Grant Medical College. He passed his L. M. examination in 1872, carrying the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy's prize for proficiency in medicine and surgery. He specialised in midwifery.

Sir Temulji did a lot of pioneering work in promoting higher study of medicine and surgery. He was President of the Bombay Medical Union and helped to found it. He was the first Indian President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He served on numerous Government Committees.

Sir Temulji was elected a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation in 1908 as a representative of the Bombay University, a constituency which he represented for about 15 years. He was nominated a member of the Bombay Legislative Council in 1909, and again in 1912 and in 1917. He took a leading part in the passing of the Bombay Medical Registration Act by the Bombay Legislative Council in 1913.

Sir Temulji had a distinguished Masonic career. He was known in Masonic circles as "a just and upright man."

Having been initiated in March 1878, he took a prominent part in founding Lodge "Imperial Brotherhood." In recognition of his services, his portrait was unveiled in the Masonic Lodge by Sir Leslie Wilson, a former Governor of Bombay in 1928. Four years later he was elected Grand Master of the Scottish Freemasonry in India, a body which controls Scottish Freemasonry throughout India, Burma, Ceylon and Iran. He was the first Indian to attain that high dignity.

For his public services Sir Temulji was awarded the Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Medal in 1909 and knighted in 1914. In 1922-23 he was Sheriff of Bombay.

A PIONEER.

His long life was attributed to his belief in physical fitness. In his college days he took part in athletic sports and was a good cricketer. He continued his interest in sports in later years, founded a gymnasium in connection with the Grant Medical College and was one of the honorary physicians of the Sir D. M. Petit Gymnasium.

He was a great champion of the cause of toddy shop-keepers, and lately said that he had drunk toddy by gallons, particularly in his younger days, and used to attribute his good health to that "natural beverage."

He was the first among Indians to start a maternity hospital in Bombay, decades ago, and he first met with some opposition from the ultraorthodox section of the Parsi community, but it was short-lived, and the whole community soon realised the importance of the institution which proved a god-send to all classes, as it considerably reduced mortality in child death rate. His example was followed by many doctors in the city. He can therefore be justly called the pioneer gynaecologist of Western India.

EMBODIMENT OF ENERGY

Sir Temulji was energy and diligence personified. All throughcut his memorable and record medical career he toiled and moiled in attendance on thousands of patients, denying himself long rest. Even upto the last day, in last week, when he was confined to bed due to haemorrhage, he was able to ascend the steps of the two floors of the Parsi Maternity Hospital, and enquire about the health of the inmates. He thus died in harness after dedicating his life for the relief of suffering humanity. May his soul rest in peace!

PUNJAB LEADERS AT SIMLA

SIMLA, Aug. 1.

Sir Girijashanker Bajpai, Education Minister, Master Tara Singh, Akali leader, and Sardar Sampuran Singh, leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, arrived in Simla to-day.—United Press.

Azad Muslim Conference President

KARACHI, August 1.

Khan Bahadur Allah Buksh, President of the All-India Azad Muslim Conference, is leaving for Delhi to-day to preside over the Azad Conference Board.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim."

Seldom, if ever, do I like to read modern poetry. More seldom do I read the poetical effusions of young Indians. For in most cases their poetry is just sugar and no spice, sweet words without that punch which characterises all modern literature and art. To-day however, I glanced through a small book of verse—"Indian Fancy" by C. L. Narain, published by Arthur Stockwell, London. It is one of the best attempts at verse that has come out of an unknown Indian. But it is not so much his verse that I like as his prose—a page and a half of Preface, which convinces me that the author could one day write a good book. Here are a few extracts: "Morality is all sham if it be not to protect the good and suppress the bad and philosophy to-day lapses into ingenious reasoning about nothing and for nothing, and divorced from life it gets into stinking puddles of intellectual barrenness." Again his last para is excellent. He says: "Man minus art, is a brute; civilisation and culture are to foster and bring forth true talent and place art on the highest pedestal; politics made a mess of life and a hash of it too; and so let art chasten life to the highest and the most beautiful, and let art guide life." After which I feel this man should write again. Unfortunately there is no publisher's note to say who the author is, how old but his writing makes me feel he is still full of the spirit of youth.

* * *

At 92, passes away from our midst a great old figure who has been a pioneer among doctors in India. Sir Temulji Nariman began life when you and I were not even contemplated and when a certain sense of peace and dignity reigned over the world. The dominating figure of that epoch was Queen Victoria and Sir Temulji was typical of the era to which he belonged. To-day as he passes away, we feel as if a great landmark in the medical profession has been washed away. Many hundreds of people walking about in this city—especially among the Parsees—must realise that it was he who first made them see the light of day. Sir Temulji's contribution to the life of this city is something for which this city will always feel grateful.

* * *

There comes to hand a copy of the Silver Jubilee Magazine of the Parsee Scouting Society. Twenty-five years of which the Society feels justly proud. Any institution that survives so long in these changing days has reason to be proud.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

JUST AS CHARLIE PROVES THAT LUGO MANCE - NOT GINA LANE - WAS THE INTENDED VICTIM OF THE "PHANTOM BULLET", LUCKY NORTON, NOTORIOUS GAMBLER, IS CAUGHT SNEAKING OFF THE STUDIO LOT...
Alfred Andriola 7-17
HOLD NORTON HERE PLEASE, CASEY! EVERYONE ELSE CAN GO!
WHAT? LEAVE THE STUDIO EMPTY?
YES! COME, KIRK! YOU AND I HAVE JOB TO DO!
WHAT'S THE MATTER, CARR?
I - I'M AFRAID! IF YOU TOLD NORTON ABOUT ME AND NORDA AND LUGO - HE'LL KILL ME -
HAVE NO FEAR! GO HOME! DETECTIVE CASEY GUARDS NORTON!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
AND ON THE NOW DESERTED STUDIO SET, CHARLIE AND KIRK WAIT - FOR WHAT-?

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